Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Republican National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES G. BLAINE,

OF MAINE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

JOHN A. LOGAN,

OF ILLINOIS.

ELECTORS AT LARGE,

WILLIAM LILLY, JAMES DOBSON,
CALVIN WELLS.

DISTRICT ELECTORS,

1. Edwin S. Stuart,	15. Jos. T. Jennings,
2. John Mundell,	16. Joseph A. Ege,
3. Wm. J. McLaughlin	17 Jos. B. Hileman,
4. Edwin L. Levy,	18. Benj. F. Junkin,
5. Joseph B. Altemus,	19. Thos. B. Bryson,
6. Horace A. Beale,	20. Wm. P. Duncan,
7. Alfred Fackenthall,	21. Wm. J. Hitchman,
8. Isaac McHose,	22. George T. Oliver,
9. Jas. P. Wickersham,	23. Josiah Cohen,
10. Samuel B. Thatcher,	24. Michael Weyand,
11. Jno. Seaboldt, Jr.,	25. Chas. A. Randall,
12. Daniel Edwards,	26. Cyrus Kitchen,
13. Peter W. Sheafer,	27. Luman B. Wood.
14. Lane S. Hart,	

Republican State Ticket.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,

GEN. E. S. OSBORNE,

OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

Republican County Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,

A. O. FURST.

For Associate Judge.—C. P. W. FISHER.

For Assembly.—{JOHN G. LOVE, WM. M. ALLISON.

For Sheriff.—H. G. ROYER.

For Prothonotary.—H. G. ELDER.

For Treasurer.—LEWIS HESS.

For Register.—WILLIAM L. FOSTER.

For Recorder.—H. F. CHANEY.

For Commissioners—{H. C. CAMPBELL, J. C. HENDERSON.

For Auditors.—{GEORGE TAYLOR, S. H. BENNISON.

Independent Candidate,
FOR CONGRESS,
ANDREW G. CURTIN.

[Advertisement.]
Republican Candidate,
FOR CONGRESS,
JOHN PATTON.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE election of Cleveland would be a National disgrace.

THOSE who love impurity and licentiousness may vote for Cleveland.

HENDRICKS, the copper head and negro hater, wants to be elected vice president.

BELVA LOCKWOOD is the only candidate in the field who isn't sure of at least one vote.

CLEVELAND is perhaps the most ignorant and incapable man ever nominated for president.

CITIZENS of Centre county, do you want to send Leonard Rhone to the Legislature?—A man who became a Democrat only to get an office?

"THE art of lying is the oldest of all the arts" says the New York *Evening Post*. The *Post* shows also that the art is very active for its age.

THE Democratic papers are encouraging voters to support St. John, as they know that every vote thus cast is a loss to their old enemy, the Republican party.

THE Hoosiers are just going wild over the presence of Mr. Blaine. It may not be magnetism, but it shows a heap of appreciation of a great and worthy man.

IF John G. Love, Esq., is elected to represent this county in the Legislature, he will be the most brilliant and able man who has occupied that position for many years.

LET Republicans and Democrats unite in voting for Wm. M. Allison for the Legislature. He is a public spirited citizen and will legislate in the interests of his constituents.

REPUBLICANS, *stand by your County ticket. It is a good one, and every man on it is worthy your support. Work unceasingly, to get out the vote, rain or shine, and we confidently believe that your efforts will result in a decisive victory. Pull together, and Pull Hard!*

The County Ticket.

Vote for every man on the Republican county ticket, for each candidate richly merits your vote and all the help your influence will give him. Let us repeat them over to you once again: Associate Judge, Dr. C. P. W. Fisher—none is more deserving than he; for Assembly, John G. Love, Esq., and Wm. M. Allison, the best legislative candidates nominated by a Centre county convention for many years, for Sheriff, H. G. Royer, the honest man, who is open and frank in all he does and not depending on sharp practices to elect him—a man for whom his neighbors are ever willing to say a good word; for Prothonotary H. G. Elder, young, enterprising and active, who will conscientiously fulfill the high trust committed to him; for Treasurer, Lewis Hess, who has been successful and honest in all his business relations; for Register, William L. Foster, who has the confidence and esteem of all who know him; for Recorder. H. F. Chaney, for whom all have words of praise; for Commissioners, H. C. Campbell and J. C. Henderson, and if both of these gentlemen should be elected they will vie with each other in their efforts to conduct the affairs of the county economically; and last of all, for Auditors, George Taylor and S. H. Bennison, both of whom are honest farmers who will faithfully fulfill their trusts.

REPUBLICANS, *stand by your county ticket. It is a good one, and every man on it is worthy your support. Work unceasingly to get out the vote, rain or shine, and we confidently believe that your efforts will result in a decisive victory. Pull together, and Pull Hard!*

FOR prothonotary, Horace G. Elder will receive a large vote. He is much better fitted for the position than his competitor, Mr. Brett, because Mr. Elder possesses high, strong, resolute character and excellent ability. Bob Brett is a good-natured, whole-souled fellow against whom no word need be said, but he is reputed by his friends to be a man who is easily influenced and of whom evil-disposed persons can take undue and unfair advantage. Therefore, the best act that can be performed for Mr. Brett is to defeat him for the office to which he aspires. This his truest friends acknowledge and will do, and Mr. Brett as a private citizen will be respected as he is at present, while Mr. Horace G. Elder will fill the office which requires so much responsibility, and to which only a clear headed, honorable, conscientious man should be elected.

A Free Trade Congress closed up hundreds of our manufactories and spread distress over the land. Are the American people ready to try the experiment of electing a Free Trade President? NO!

GROVER CLEVELAND informed the people of Brooklyn that "there is involved in this canvass something of great importance to your interest and welfare," but personal reasons of a delicate nature forbade a more definite reference to the subject. The people understand, and will vote accordingly.

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS, *the Democratic candidate for Vice President, is the man wto called Abraham Lincoln a "smutty old tyrant." Remember this, voters, when you go to the polls next Tuesday, and bury this brutal defamer out of sight with votes for the gallant Logan.*

SENATOR JNO. A. LOGAN, the brave soldier and the patriotic man, will make a capable vice president, and if, in any event, the President should be unable to act, Mr. Logan will acceptably fill the higher position.

Questions Answered.

A correspondent of the *Sun*, the principal and most influential Democratic newspaper in New York City, addresses a few pertinent questions to it, which the *Sun* answers in its customary matter-of-fact, truthful manner. We give a few of the questions and answers:

I. Has Grover Cleveland ever done anything for the Democratic party to entitle him to the nomination for President from them? [*Never.*]

II. Has he ever shown any great degree of statesmanship? If so, in what instance? [*He has not.*]

III. What is the reason that such men as Randall, Bayard, Thurman, and other old and tried statesmen are thrown overboard to make room for a man who seems to have so little to recommend him politically or morally? [*The only reason is that the Republican bolters wanted him.*]

IV. Is not James G. Blaine a man better fitted for the office of President than this Grover Cleveland, whose chief merit seems to be that he is acceptable to a certain element of disgruntled Republicans? [*He is.*]

V. Has not one of these men got to be elected, as the matter stands at present? [*Apparently.*]

VI. Which of these two men would you advise a man to vote for who wishes to see the best man selected for the place, admitting one of the two must win? [*Blaine rather than Cleveland.*]

VII. Is there not a stain over Cleveland's moral character that would make his election an everlasting disgrace to the people of the United States? [*There is.*]

VIII. Is there any speech, or letter, or message, or document of any description in existence that shows any reason why he should occupy he chair occupied by Jefferson, Jackson, and Lincoln. [*Not one.*]

IX. Is it not a notorious fact that he has ignored the wishes of the people on several occasions since he has been Governor of the State? [*He has.*]

X. Has he not tried to shield himself by adding insult to injury in regard to the woman he wronged? [*Yes.*]

XI. Has he not shown himself devoid of all the principles for which the Democratic party have contended? [*Yes, indeed.*]

XII. Has he not shown himself to be the tool of some of the worst monopolies in the State? [*He has.*]

XIII. Has he done anything in the interest of the people since he became Governor? [*His acts have all been in his own interest.*]

LOYAL *voters of Centre county, think well before you cast your ballot on next Tuesday. Remember that a vote for Cleveland is a vote for a Self-Convicted Libertine! Surely, you cannot afford to aid in placing the control of the National Government in such polluted hands. Do your duty to your wives and children by voting for the true and tried Statesman, James G. Blaine.*

All Against Cleveland.

The workingmen are opposed to Grover Cleveland's election because they earnestly believe that he is their enemy and the friend of their oppressors.

Among the virtuous women of the country, the great majority are opposed to Cleveland's election because they cannot forgive his crimes against woman, or his keeping his infant son for a prolonged period in a poorhouse when he was perfectly able to support him in a different manner.

The earnest religious men of the country are against Cleveland because his mode and habits of life are hostile to all religious and moral principles, and because his election would be equivalent to teaching the young men of the country to take no thought of virtue or honor, but to follow blindly the impulse of every vicious instinct and then expect to be rewarded by promotion to the highest distinction and the greatest power in the gift of the American people.

Against such forces as these is it possible that the attempt to make Grover Cleveland President can be successful.—*N. Y. Sun.*

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE, Garfield's able and brilliant Secretary of State, the man who represents American principles, and who favors the protection of American industry, is the Republican candidate for President

IN the contest for the President Judgeship in this district there can be no doubt as to who will be successful. All that can be said in regard to the learning and ability of the present incumbent, Judge A. Hoy, will apply two-fold to A. O. Furst, Esq., as the latter gentleman is well known to be the most learned and able lawyer at the Bellefonte bar. Then, it is true that the sentiment of the people is not unanimous in regard to the excellence of Judge Hoy's record or his ability. From the most trustworthy sources we have heard complaint regarding the undignified actions of Judge Hoy while on the bench, which actions are calculated to weaken and destroy his influence as a Judge. From Huntingdon county the complaints are still more grievous, and several months ago, when it was not known who would be the next candidate for judge and when newspapers could speak of those in high position with absolute impartiality, the Huntingdon *Globe* felt called upon to give these words of caution to the President Judge: "We do not except to him as a man or a partisan, but if he wants to make a popular officer, he will have to exercise more force of character and keep matters within bounds. People from the town and country have frequently spoken of this, and they are the judges of the question whether we are right or wrong." No such criticism ever fell to the lot of Mr. Hoy's predecessor, Judge Orvis, and with Mr. Furst on the bench the real dignity of the high position would be preserved. Mr. Furst is fitted for a judge for the reason that he was a farmer's boy and has had experience with men in all the varied walks of life. He can sympathise with them and at the same time his high sense of justice will impel him to be sufficiently stern. He is the soul of honor and uprightness as has been well attested in all his professional and business transactions.

A Free Trade Congress closed up hundreds of our manufactories and spread distress over the land. Are the American people ready to try the experiment of electing a Free Trade President? NO!

HENRY C. CAMPBELL, it is acknowledged, is the best commissioner Centre county ever had. The debt which burdened the county when he entered the board would not have been reduced as it has been except for his efforts. The tax-payers should be grateful to him for his fruitful efforts toward economy and reform, and as he is a candidate for re-election, show that you appreciate faithfulness in office by giving him your vote.

LOYAL *voters of Centre county, think well before you cast your ballot on next Tuesday. Remember that a vote for Cleveland is a vote for a Self-Convicted Libertine! Surely, you cannot afford to aid in placing the control of the National government in such polluted hands. Do your duty to your wives and children by voting for the true and tried Statesman, James G. Blaine.*

MR. BEECHER affects to feel very badly over Mr. Blaine's sin against the workingmen in having at one time held some Hocking Valley bonds. We infer that he would consider a clergyman who declared that the workingman who couldn't live on a dollar a day wasn't fit to live, unworthy of public toleration. And the trouble is that a great many people will agree with the latter opinion.

THIRTY ministers in Indianapolis testify their respect for the character of James G. Blaine. How many ministers in Indianapolis are ready to endorse the character of Grover Cleveland?

Curtin for Congress.

It would be a wrong to a large body of the Republican party of this county if this journal did not at this hour advocate the election of the Hon. A. G. Curtin to Congress. He is their life long neighbor, imbued thoroughly with their every interest, and in every sense identified with their prosperity.

The Republican party has no candidate, but the best interests of the party can be better served by his election than that of any other Democrat, and the choice, from present appearances, must fall to a Democrat. Curtin was a patriot in the days that tried the souls of men and this let none of us ever forget, and in casting our votes let us show the keen sense of our gratitude, not only to him but to all who do right in the hour of trial.

THE *Watchman* goes into ecstacies because a paper in Passaic, New Jersey, has hauled Blaine and Logan from its masthead and substituted Cleveland and Hendricks. Why, bless its dear soul; that's nothing. Dozens of newspapers are hauling down Cleveland and Hendricks every day and substituting the Plumed Knight and his second on the Republican ticket. For instance, there was the *Shore Press*, published at Asbury Park, in New Jersey, only a few days ago, and we would not have thought that small circumstance worth recording but for the *Watchman's* strange glee over the first mentioned change. And, then, if it will serve to further comfort our friend, the *Watchman*, and its Democratic readers permit us to record the fact that Thomas A. Flynn, a life long Democrat and prominent party worker living in Bradford, this state, has bolted that ticket and will support Blaine and Logan Mr. Flynn was elected a member of the Democratic county committee, whereupon he sent a note to the county chairman of which the following is an extract:

First, Conscientiously I cannot vote for or support for president, Grover Cleveland. Second, I am for James G. Blaine, the champion of down-trodden, misruled races. With that excellent statesman from Maine in the presidential chair I am positive that (as a friend and champion of the abused races now under tyrannical rule) I will find him a supporter and friend of the said down-trodden people. I have adopted for my motto that grand, noble, patriotic and inspiring declaration: "One for all, all for one," and that is, in my opinion, James G. Blaine, all the way through.

ON the 4th of November the electors of the respective presidential and vice presidential candidates will be elected to cast their ballots as follows:

Republican.		Democratic.	
California	8	Alabama	10
Colorado	3	Arkansas	7
Connecticut	6	Delaware	3
Illinois	22	Florida	4
Indiana	15	Georgia	12
Iowa	13	Kentucky	13
Kansas	9	Louisiana	8
Maine	6	Maryland	8
Massachusetts	14	Mississippi	9
Michigan	13	Missouri	16
Minnesota	7	North Carolina	11
Nebraska	5	South Carolina	9
Nevada	3	Tennessee	12
New Hampshire	4	Texas	13
New Jersey	9	West Virginia	6
New York	36	Virginia	12
Ohio	23		153
Oregon	3		
Pennsylvania	30		
Rhode Island	4		
Vermont	4		
Wisconsin	11		
	248		

In the above estimate we have put West Virginia in the Democratic column, although we are encouraged by the October elections to believe that it will vote Republican in November, which would give Blaine and Logan 254 electoral votes.

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS, *the Democratic candidate for Vice President, is the man who called Abraham Lincoln a "smutty old tyrant." Remember this, voters, when you go to the polls next Tuesday, and bury this brutal defamer out of sight with votes for the gallant Logan.*

A regular poser—the photographer.

GENERAL NOTES.

The library of the University of Halle has 400,000 volumes.

There are said to be 100,000 Quakers in the whole United States.

There are five persons of foreign birth in the United States Senate.

Ten counties in Mississippi prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors.

There has been no Presidential marriage since that of John Tyler, in 1842.

There was one divorce to twenty-seven marriages in Massachusetts last year.

Sierra City, Cal., was visited by five inches of snow on Tuesday night, Oct. 21.

There are over 300,000 persons in England who now use the bicycle and tricycle.

El Mahdi, the false prophet, sleeps during the day and transacts his business at night.

Georgetown, Ky., is rejoicing over a duck which has three legs and feet fully developed.

A citizen of Des Moines, Iowa, has donated the city 60 acres of land to be used as a public park.

Dynamite is a drug in the Mexican market. It has fallen in price from a dollar to 25 cents a pound.

High and low church troubles are breaking out in England, and the contest promises to be bitter.

St. Paul, Minn., is up in arms over the very unsatisfactory way in which its streets are numbered.

It is estimated that an average of 1,500 thimbles are annually swallowed by the babies of America.

The Island of Cuba is threatened with the cocoanut bugs which the planters fear will devastate the crop.

Wilhelmj has built a house at Biebrich, on the Rhine, where he will lodge the students of a school for the violin, which he will open next year.

A man in Greenville, S. C., who has been blind for many years, owns and runs a sawmill and a cotton-gin mill, and drives around alone in a buggy.

A New York silk manufacturer has opened a new department where ladies can bring any design to the place and have the required quantity made to order.

The English are introducing a system of penny dinners for school children. It is claimed that many parents do not, or will not, feed their children properly.

The commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard has a predelliction for live stock, and cows, hogs, turkeys and chickens roam at large among the implements of war.

The Hygienic Congress denounced the present system of education and competitive examination prevalent in America, as prejudicial to the health of those subjected to it.

There is a stone called Centre Rock located in the rotunda in the Capitol at Raleigh, N. C. If a man stands squarely upon it his words become inarticulate to those around him.

The old United States flag ship Brooklyn has just returned from a three years' cruise with the South Atlantic squadron, and is reported in good condition and ready for more service.

Five years ago Mr. David Walk of Indianapolis invested $1,500 in Kansas City property. He is now the possessor of a small fortune of $50,000 owing to the increased value of his land.

Quail are so abundant in some parts of California that the roads are thronged with them. In the southern counties farmers are offering rewards for killing them, as they destroy much grain.

Rev. Dr. Sankey, of Rochester, N. Y., who has just returned from the Presbyterian Council at Belfast, says the Presbyterian churches of Great Britain are rapidly tending toward ritualism.

A Belgian has succeeded in transmitting a telephone and telegraph message on the same wire at the same time. The transmission is made on ordinary instruments along ordinary wires, with earth returns.

At the late meeting of the three Emperors, the Czar presented his own portrait to Bismarck. This is said to be the only thing he could give, as the Chancellor already has received all the decorations of Russia.

There has been discovered in San Luis, Obispo county, California, a chasm which seems to be bottomless. An adventurous explorer was lowered into it and he says that the sides are covered with cream-colored stalactites.

The Leadville jail has a haunted cell, and prisoners are confined in it whom it is desired to especially punish. A superstitious woman who was put into it was frightened nearly to death, and has sued the jailor for damages.

Fifty-four oil paintings, valued at $343,000, and designed for exhibition at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, arrived in New York Monday last, and were admitted free of duty. Among them are several worth $25,000 apiece.

New Jersey ministers lately preached sermons against roller skating rinks. In return one of the proprietors offered as a prize to the patron who had made the most progress in three months, a handsomely bound copy of the Bible.

Among the Mississippi art treasures that will be exhibited at the New Orleans Exposition, says the Aberdeen *Examiner*, is a portrait of Gen. Edward Meade, ancestor of Capt. James T. Meade of Holmes county, painted by Sir Joshua Reynolds in 1757.

Near Tuscarora, Nevada, there is a tree the foliage of which at certain seasons is so luminous that it can be seen for over a mile in the darkest night. Near it, it is so luminous that small print can be read by its light. Its luminosity is said to be due to parasites.

Ferdinand Ward is growing stout in Ludlow street jail. He is said to be happy in his confinement, and expectantly awaiting his release. It is believed that he has over $1,000,000 placed where it will be at his disposal upon his release. He appears to have an unlimited command of money.

Poetry.

BIRCHBROOK MILL.

A noteless stream the Birchbrook runs
Beneath its leaning trees;
That low, soft ripple is its own,
That dull roar is the sea's.

Of human signs it sees alone
The distant church-spire's tip,
And, ghost-like, on a blank of gray,
The white sail of a ship.

No more a toiler at the wheel,
It wanders at its will,
Nor dam nor pond is left to tell
Where once was Birchbrook Mill.

The timbers of that mill have fed
Long since a farmer's fires;
His doorsteps are the stones that ground
The harvest of his sires.

Man trespassed here; but nature lost
No right of her domain;
She waited, and she brought the old
Wild beauty back again.

By day the sunlight through the leaves
Falls on its moist, green sod,
And wakes the violet bloom of Spring
And Autumn's golden-rod.

Its birches whisper to the wind,
The swallow dips her wings
In the cool spray, and on its banks
The gray song-sparrow sings.

—*John Greenleaf Whittier, in the November Atlantic.*

EVENING ON THE LAKE.

Upon the mountain top the purple tints
Fade into mist; and the rich golden glow
Of the low-setting sun sinks to a gray
Subdued and tender.

Home the eagle hies,
Swift to his eyrie, his broad pinions stretched,
Bearing him onwards, seeming motionless
The while with rapid wing he cleaves the air,
As ship the waters. Now the grousecock crows
On heathered knoll his vesper lullaby
To his dear mate.

And from the silver lake,
Cradled in mountain setting, echoing comes,
With rippling music on the air, the plash
Of dipping oars; and voices deep and low,
Mingled with women's trebles, tuneful break
The evening silence.

Grand, indeed, it is
To be amid these mountain solitudes;
And yet there is a sense of rest and calm,
Soothing the spirit—stealing o'er the heart
Like the soft notes of an Æolian harp,
Falling like balm upon the troubled soul,
And making the most worldly man to feel
That there is over earth a higher heaven.

—*Chambers' Journal.*

LIFTED OVER.

As tender mothers guiding baby steps,
Where places come at which the tiny feet
Would trip, lift up the little ones in arms
Of love, and set them down beyond the harm.
So did Our Father watch the precious boy
Led o'er the stones by me, who stumbled oft
Myself, but strove to help my darling on:
He saw the sweet limbs faltering and saw
Rough ways before us, where my arms would fail;
So reached from heaven, and lifting the dear child,
Who smiled in leaving me, He put him down,
Beyond all hurt, beyond my sight, and bade
Him wait for me! Shall I not then be glad,
And, thanking God, press on to overtake?

H. H.

Our Story Teller.

Was it Flirting?

I was engaged to Angelina Melville, and I thought myself the luckiest man living. Angelina was so handsome that no stranger ever saw her without expressing admiration, and one did not weary with the face after years of familiarity with it. She was well bred, accomplished and a great heiress. I had reason to believe that she was very fond of me. No man could be more content than I was, as I leaned back in the first-class carriage which took me from Glasgow into the country to the Vale of Cruix, where I was to preach a few Sabbaths. The pulpit was vacant, and I was going to try my wings. With my pecuniary prospects I scarcely thought I should care to accept a call to the Vale of Cruix, but I had no objection to filling its pulpit for a few weeks, especially as Angelina had gone to the west coast, and Glasgow was warm and stuffy and stupid.

Casual remembrances of elegant parsonages built in Queen Anne's style; of a study where the footfalls were softened by Persian rugs, and the doors draped in portieres of velvets; chairs and a desk, carved richly as some old confessional flitted through my mind. And I thought also of a table spread with silver and rare china, with a lady at its head who resembled a queen. And I breathed a luxurious sigh as I awakened from my day-dream to a knowledge that the words "Vale of Cruix" were being shouted out on the platform, and that the train was coming to a standstill.

I seized my traveling-bag from the rack overhead and hurried out of the carriage. The porters had just pulled four or five trunks on the platform. Two old wagons stood in the road, one driven by an old woman in a sun-bonnet, the other by a red-haired boy with bare feet; and a queer knock kneed horse, attached to a queerer old gig, was standing at a little distance. A young man in a light summer suit and a city family bent on rural happiness were my companions on the platform. The former put his trunks in the first wagon, kissed the old woman in the sun-bonnet, took the reins and drove away. He was evidently the son of the family, come home to spend his vacation. The rest of the trunks and the city family—mother, father, little boy, nursemaid and baby—were put in the wagon and driven off by the boy.

When the train moved away I was left alone on the platform—alone but for the station-master, who sat upon a bench smoking a clay pipe. In a moment more the official, without looking at me, made the remark: "Deacon Stevenson as come for the new minister. He's over in the hotel, and will be back in a minute."

"Thank you," said I.

The station-master took no notice of me, but having climbed up on a stool and made some changes in a time register on the wall of the station, locked the door, put the key in his pocket and sauntered away down the railroad. I took his place upon the bench and waited. In a few minutes a prim little old gentleman appeared upon the top of the hill, carrying in one hand a tin can, in the other a tin pail, and under either arm a brown paper parcel. I knew at a glance that it was Stevenson.

"Are you Mr. Mactaggert?" he inquired, mildly, as he approached, "I want to know. I hadn't any expectation of being kept so long; but, you see, it saves the women folks trouble to fetch things when I drive to town. Step in, won't you? I'll just hang this paraffine ile on behind. Some dislike the smell—maybe you do. The sugar-loaf tea and coffee can go under the seat as well as not. How's your health, sir, and how do you like Vale of Cruix?"

I answered that my health was good, and that I had not, yet, seen much of the Vale of Cruix.

"No, you haven't," said the old gentleman. "Well, you'll drive through it now." And he shook the reins and the old horse began to stumble along. And on we drove past certain rows of brick houses very much like each other, and with the same flowers in their front gardens, until, having passed the church, we came to one happily set about by old oak trees, before the gate of which we drew up.

A girl stood at the gate—a fair girl in a blue muslin dress and white apron.

"Take the sugar, Mary, before it gets upset," said the deacon. "This is Mr. Mactaggert, that's going to preach for us. Mr. Mactaggert, this is my daughter Mary."

We both bowed, and she vanished with the parcels.

"What a lovely creature!" said I to myself. "Nothing like Angelina, but so pretty!" And found myself thinking of her as I washed and brushed my hair in the blue walled bed room on the second floor, with white fringed counterpane and curtains, and two black silhouettes over the mantelpiece, on either side of the china vases of roses.

There were only four of us at the table—the deacon, his wife (a stout lady who never said more than she could help), Mary and myself. Mary had spent the last winter at Glasgow, and we talked about all she had seen. She was self-possessed without being forward, and oh, so pretty! Now, Angelina was splendid and queenly; so this was mild praise that she could not have objected to, only I said it very often. I preached on the next Sunday. It was settled that I should spend the summer there. I wrote this to Angelina:

"Since you cannot be with me, it does not matter where I am—this stupid place as well as any other. Address to the care of Deacon Stevenson. I shall remain with him while I preach here."

It was a pleasant summer, despite the dullness of the place. How good the quaint old deacon was, when one really knew him! How motherly was Mrs. Stevenson! As for Mary, she grew sweeter every day. I oftened wondered what Angelina would have said could she have seen me helping her to pick black berries, to find the runaway cow, to carry home the milk pail, driving her over to the country grocery, and returning with a freight of groceries—Angelina, who knew nothing of domestic details, and whose monogramed and perfumed letters were often brought over from the office in company with the paraffine can. I wrote my sermons at one end of the round table, while Mary sat at the other sewing. Between us was a lamp with a green paper shade. Now and then a big bug would fly into the window and go humming about our heads, or a moth would try to singe its wings over the chimney, and I would drive it out. The old people would go to bed after awhile, and then Mary and I would find ourselves hungry, and she would go into the kitchen to find something good. I always held the light for her; and when something good was found we ate it on the back porch, sitting side by side on the step like two children. She was like a child, that little Mary, that it seemed no harm to ask her to kiss me good night, or to hold her hand in mine as it rested on my arm in our long walks home from church on Sunday evening.

The summer passed; October came; Angelina returned to the city and wrote to me. It was while we were eating peaches and cream in the back porch that evening that I said to Mary: "I will tell you a secret if you will keep it for awhile, Mary."

"Oh, of course I will, Mr. Mactaggert."

"I am going to be married this autumn, Mary," I said "Those pretty letters you always thought came from my sister came from the lady who is to marry me. She is very beautiful, very rich, very stylish, but very kind. You must come and see us, Mary, when we are married. I shall tell Angelina how good you have been to me—what a sweet little sister I have found out here in the Vale of Cruix. Why, Mary——"

For, as I spoke, I felt the little hand I held grow cold and heavy in mine. I saw her sink backward. The big china bowl of peaches and cream slipped with a crash to the ground and was shattered to pieces.

I caught the poor child in my arms. In a moment she came to herself and said she had overtired herself, she thought. They had been baking all day, and it was warm. And now she bade me good-night. But I did not see her next day, nor the next. She kept her room, and was not well enough to bid me goodbye.

Poor little Mary! I felt very miserable. However, Angelina met me at Glasgow. She was more beautiful than ever—more elegant in contrast to my simple country friend—and very soon I laughed at myself for the thought that had been in my heart. Of course, I said it was the baking that had overcome Mary—it was not my news. I had only been to Mary as a friend—as a brother. I had not made love to her. But I thought of Mary a great deal, and I missed her every hour, exactly—oh, yes, exactly—as I might a sister.

I wrote to Mrs. Stephenson, and her answer was very brief.

"I haven't much time to write," she said in her postscript. "Mary is sick, and besides being driven I am anxious."

This letter was in my pocket on that day when Angelina and I went together to the bazar for the benefit of the Church of St. Matthew.

After we had roamed about the bazar and bought all sorts of knicknacks I escorted Angelina to a seat and there sat down to wait while one of the ladies, who, "on this occasion only," was doing good, onerous, hard work, brought us a tray of refreshments.

As we sat there sipping our coffee two women sat down at the next table with their backs to us.

"I am very tired, are you not, Mrs. Russell?" And the other answered: "Yes, I am tired. I don't think that it is worth the while to come all the way from Vale of Cruix to Glasgow sight seeing."

This was the voice of Stevenson's nearest neighbor and I liked and respected her, yet did not feel quite sure how Angelina would like an introduction, and so refrained from looking round and making myself known.

"I think we'd better have tea," said the voice; "it's more refreshing than coffee. Oh, how is Mary today? Think of my never asking before."

"Mary is poorly," said Mrs. Russell. "Oh, Mrs. Cullen, what a pity it is that flirting young minister came down to the Vale of Cruix. I don't know what Mrs. Stevenson was about to let him do as he did. We all thought he was courting Mary. She did, poor child. She just loved him dearly. And the day before he went away he told her he was engaged to some girl in Glasgow. I'm afraid it's broken her heart. She told me all about it. 'Oh, Aunty Russell,' she said, 'I know I ought to be ashamed, but I can't help it. He seemed to like me so. I hope I shall die of this fever, for life is nothing to me.' Ashamed? Why, it is he who ought to be ashamed. Of all the things, a minister to be a cold, cruel flirt. And that is what Hugh Mactaggert is."

I listened, but I could not move or speak. I felt as though my heart also was breaking; and oh, the time I suffered! The women drank their tea and left, and then Angelina turned to me with a cold, sarcastic smile.

"I see by your face that the little story is perfectly true, Mr. Mactaggert," she said.

"Angelina," I faltered, "I have done nothing that should give offense to you."

"Nothing but love another woman," she answered. "Love her, and let her see it, meaning to marry me. Don't think I'm hurt; indeed, I am relieved! I should have kept my word to you but for this; but not so gladly as I once should. You are a very good looking man, but on the whole you don't suit me. I met Mr. S. at Millport, and he does. Frankly, I have been thinking what a pity it was that I must decline his offer. As for this—Mary, is it not?—wouldn't she make a very good minister's wife?"

It came to my mind that she would—that she was the only wife for me; that Angelina, splendid as she was, would never have made me happy.

But I only said, "Miss Melville, if you desire to have your freedom, I have no choice."

"I desire it greatly," she answered.

"It is yours," I said, with a bow.

After that I think we were both happier than we had been for days, and we shook hands when we parted.

That night I went up to the Vale of Cruix, and I told Mary that my marriage was broken off and that she was the only woman I had ever loved. She tried to summon up her pride and refuse me, but failed in the attempt, and let me take her to my heart. To-day I am pastor of the church at the Vale of Cruix. Mary is my wife, and we are as plain and quiet a pair as you could fancy. I even help my wife pick currants, and I have taken a turn at the garden when help was scarce. But I do not envy Mr. S. his wife nor pine for the luxurious possibilities that I lost with Angelina. Mary and my little home content me.

But one thing is on my conscience: I have never been able to ask myself the question' "Did I flirt with Mary?" If not, what was it?

Attributed to Grover Cleveland: "It seems to be a good scheme to show yourself to the people, but the knowledge comes too late to help me." Not a bit of it, Grover. You have been shown to the people quite as extensively as there was any demand for. Between you and us, that is what was the matter in Ohio on Tuesday, the 14th. Frank Hurd had you on exhibition there without your knowing it. The audience didn't like the show.

A man stopping his paper wrote to the editor. "I think folks otten to spend ther munny for payper, mi daddy diddent and everybody sed he was the intelligentest man in the country and had the smartest family of boiz that ever dugged taters."

Cleveland's Candidacy an Insult To The People.

From the Independent.

It is difficult to think of a more grotesque and, in some respects, revolting spectacle than that now presented to the American people by the candidacy of Mr. Cleveland. What adds to its singularity is the fact that those who figure conspicuously in the scene do not seem to appreciate either its real character or their own position, or, if they do, evince a power of concealment as rare and marvelous as the scene itself.

Grover Cleveland, who, less than four years ago, was merely a commonplace lawyer in Buffalo, about 43 years of age, suddenly jumped into the Mayoralty of that city, and then, by another jump, mounted to the Chief Magistracy of this State; and when his Gubernatorial term is about half completed we find him before the people as the Democratic candidate for President of the United States. Such a combination of circumstances was never before seen in the history of a small man. If the age of miracles has passed, that of political accidents has not. Four years ago no one saw anything in the antecedent record of Mr. Cleveland fitting him for the Presidency, or giving the remotest hint that any party would select him as a candidate for this high office. He happened to become the Mayor of Buffalo; then he happened under peculiar circumstances, to be nominated and elected as the Governor of this State, and then, when the Democratic party wanted a candidate for President, he happened to be the man who, as the nominating Convention thought, would be most certain to carry the State of New York, especially in view of the objections of many Republicans to the nomination of Mr. Blaine. These streaks of sheer good luck, and not the abilities of the candidate, and not anything in his public record, explain why the Bayards, the Thurmans, and the Randalls of the Democratic party are invited to play second fiddle to a man in all respects immensely their inferior.

The grand rallying cry with which the people were to be carried by storm and Mr. Cleveland was to be shouted into the Presidency we have in the two words, purity and reform. These words were to do the business. Personal purity was to take the lead as the guarantee of reform. Mr. Cleveland was to be paraded before the people as the very paragon of the idea, and through him, and especially through his clean and unsullied purity, the Democratic party, so often rejected by the people, was at last to win the long-coveted prize. The conscience of the people would be satisfied with the purity of the candidate; the Independent Republicans would come to his help, and Christian voters could, for once at least, vote as they pray and pray as they vote. The campaign would be mainly one of personal character, and for the purpose of such a contest Mr. Cleveland's stainless record left nothing to be desired.

Alas! alas! for human calculations and hopes! The campaign had not fairly opened when it became known to the general public that this pure man, whose personal character was to be the charm of his candidacy and the pledge of his success, was himself soiled with a gross and disgusting immorality, unfitting him to be President or to fill any other office in the gift of the people. The facts were not and are not denied either by himself or his friends; and there is no evidence before the people that the admitted facts are not specimen facts in the private history of this man. Such facts do not usually go alone. They live in serial groups, and have a way of repeating themselves. The strong presumption from one group is that there are other undiscovered groups of the same kind.

The *Independent*, the moment the disguise was thrown off and the real character of Mr. Cleveland was disclosed, took the position which it maintains to-day, and will maintain to the end of the canvass. That position is that the facts, as known and admitted on all hands, utterly and absolutely unfit Mr. Cleveland to be a candidate for the Presidency of this great nation. Common decency, to say nothing about Christianity, demanded that his name should at once have been withdrawn, and some one put in his place, whose candidacy would not be an insult to the people, and whose election would not be a disgrace to the country. We should deplore, more than we can express, his political success. We call upon the ministry of the land to teach their people that partisanship cannot obliterate the Seventh Commandment from the law of God; that the family, environed by the sacred moralities which alike define its function and guard its purity and honor, is the unit of the States and the sheet anchor of the social system, and that the man who, to gratify his base passions, becomes the betrayer and corrupter of womanhood, is not to be honored or trusted in any sphere of life. We call upon the religious press to give a loud echo to such teaching, and we ask every voter, who thinks of voting for Mr. Cleveland, and who, with the light now before him, cannot do so ignorantly, to consider well what he is proposing to do, and what would be the moral effect of knowingly electing such a man to the Presidency.

It would be useless to waste words on those thick and-thin Democrats who, when they go to the ballot box, leave their conscience at home, and always vote the party ticket, asking no question as to the character of the candidate. There are, however, many Democrats who mean to keep a good conscience toward God and man; and we earnestly suggest that in the Democratic candidate for President they are confronted by facts which sternly demand that they should be governed by the "higher law" of purity and righteousness.

Those Independent Republicans who, on the basis of a moral reason, refused to support the Republican ticket, and who, in ignorance of the private record of Mr. Cleveland, committed themselves to his support, must, in order to preserve the least show of consistency, decline to vote for him. To ignore the facts in the grave and serious charge against him is willfully to shut one's eyes against the truth. To pretend that this charge, considered in application to his candidacy, is a matter of no consequence, is to set up a most debasing standard of morals, and virtually say to public men that a good or bad private character will not be considered by the people in casting their votes. To condone the offence on the assumption of sincere repentance, without a particle of proof, is simply to encourage its repetition by others, if not by the offender himself. We do not see how Independent Republicans, upon their own showing, can, by any possibility, vote for Mr. Cleveland. They may do it if they will; but theirs is not the kind of Independent Republicanism in which we believe. We cannot understand how it can look at itself in its own mirror uncrimsoned by the blush of shame.

Cleveland a Know-Nothing.

From Official Sources.

The attempt to connect Mr. Blaine with the Know-nothing party has proved a dismal failure. It was one one of the silliest of the countless campaign lies that have been aimed at him. Thousands of Irishmen in Maine proved by their hearty support of the Republican ticket that they knew it to be a piece of gratuitous mendacity, and we shall probably hear little more of it during the rest of the canvass.

And now suppose Mr. Cleveland's friends turn their attention to his Know-Nothing record. For, unlike Mr. Blaine, the Democratic Presidential candidate has a record of that sort. In 1860 he voted among others, for the following Presidential Electors:

J. Depeyster Ogden, of New York—a Know-Nothing.

Daniel B. St. John, of Orange—a Know-Nothing.

William Kent, of Dutchess—a Know-Nothing.

James Kidd, of Albany—a Know-Nothing.

Henry H. Ross, of Essex—a Know-Nothing.

John Munn, of Oneida—a Know-Nothing.

James M. Pulver, of Ontario—a Know-Nothing.

Miles H. Finch, of Tompkins—a Know-Nothing.

Charles H. Carroll, of Steuben—a Know-Nothing.

Lorenzo Burrows, of Orleans—a Know-Nothing.

These ten Know-Nothings for whom Grover Cleveland voted for Presidential Electors received their credentials from the Know-Nothing State convention which met in Utica in July, 1860. The fact that they were the accredited representatives of the party that found its mission in waging war against the Irish and German voters, and all other foreign-born citizens, did not prevent him from supporting them for a high office. And yet the Democratic managers have the supreme folly to introduce the Know-Nothing issue into the present contest!

It would be interesting to hear from Carl Schurz on this Know-Nothing feature of his candidate's record. For Mr. Schurz took special pains in 1860 to warn the Germans against the ticket containing the names of these Know-Nothing Electors that received Mr. Cleveland's vote. In the course of a speech delivered in this city October 18, 1860, he said:

If Germans want to destroy Know-Nothingism they should strike at its cause; they should prove by their votes that they fully understand the institutions of this country and execute the right of suffrage with the full consciousness of the responsibility pertaining to it. * * * Of how little value the professions of friendship by the Democrats were to the Germans was shown by the fact that now, when a majority of the Germans had come over to the Republicans, American Democrats were reviling them in true Know-Nothing style. The Democrats had been friends of the adopted citizens so long as they found them useful tools; they had given them the right to vote not once only, but three or four times at each election. But now it was different, and *the time seemed to be at hand when Know-Nothingism would find its fitting resting place in the bosom of the Democratic party.*

Has Mr. Schurz altered his opinion of Know-Nothingism? If not, perhaps he will explain to the Germans how it happens that he is now stumping the country for a Presidential candidate who in 1860 voted for ten conspicuous Know-Nothings.

"A rolling stone gathers no moss." Time out of mind, a rolling stone has been censured for gathering no moss. But what of that? Is it not more to its credit than to its dispraise? If it had lain idle all its life, it no doubt might have accumulated no end of moss. But its busy existence prevented its environment. True, the rolling stone gathers no moss, but it gathered something better, to wit, polish. Isn't polish to be preferred to cumbersome and useless moss?

A man's domestic relations don't bother him half so much as the relations of his domestic.

All Sorts.

"Imitation is the sincerest flattery," as the monkey said when he saw a dude.

Love may laugh at locksmiths, but he smiles very complacently on coachmen.

When men are seen in knots, it doesn't always follow that they have been eating green apples.

A girl in New York sneezed herself to death. Everybody who has tried it claims it is a sneezy way to die.

"I'm dog gone-d if I can find him," said a Fourth avenue man, after an hour spent in looking after a bull-pup.

Women and Sphinx have something in common. Neither will tell their ages, though the ages tell on them.

A Pensacola man who went out to fish for sharks about four weeks ago is supposed to have caught one and he has not been seen since.

It is a pretty healthy man who can read a patent medicine almanac without suddenly discovering that he is afflicted with about one hundred diseases described therein.

He was a chiropodist. A beautiful lady passed dragging her silken train behind her. "I am corn doctor to that train," he said, and then some laughed and the chiropodist disappeared in a sample room door.

A man visiting London went to church and seated himself without hesitation in the nearest pew. Soon the owner came in, eyed the stranger critically, and then, writing "My pew" on the fly-leaf of a prayer book, handed it to the intruder. The stranger read the message, smiled a beautiful smile and wrote underneath: "Nice pew. What do you pay for it?"

Campaign Chaff.

"Don't pitch your tent among the dead!" was Garfield's advice to young voters. Keep on the winning side of winning issues.

Every Democratic candidate since Buchanan's day has been elected by Democratic newspapers, but not one of them by the people.—*Portland Press.*

The Democratic Gorman-dizer is still ravenous for financial food.

Philadelphia *News:* New name for Ben Butler: "The Pink Pond Lily of Cape Cod."

St. John accepts. He will take a little sugar in his'n, thank you.

Oh, no! That object there pursuing the Democratic party is not Banquo's ghost. It is the tariff issue.

Cleveland says he wants to make no triumphal tour. Fortunate fellow! Never aspire to the impossible.

Cleveland *Herald:* The Democracy should not be behind in torchlight parades in Ohio during this campaign. They have inside rates on coal oil.

Belva Lockwood knows a great deal more about the tariff than Cleveland does, and isn't afraid to tell what she knows, either.

Detroit *Journal:* Would it be right to advise St. John to keep his spirits up in this campaign?

Syracuse *Standard:* The party that yoked up Cleveland and Hendricks is bound to mourn its neglect of the injunction in Deuteronomy: "Thou shalt not plow with an ox and an ass together."

Boston *Budget:* If Belva Lockwood gets into the White House, what man will she select to preside over the domestic arrangements and assist her at receptions?

Insomnia.

I am usually a good, I was about to say, a perfect sleeper, but twice of late I have failed to do my whole duty in that line. Once was some three or four weeks since, and the other time was last night. On both occasions I awoke soon after midnight, and sleep refused to be wooed by me, though I made my very best endeavors to win that sometimes fickle goddess. On the first occasion I remembered having a short time previously read in the New York *Tribune* a statement that relief for sleeplessness could be found by wetting a linen handkerchief, folding it and placing it under the back of the neck, with a dry cloth under the kerchief to protect the pillow. I thought I could improve on that, which I think I did by folding the kerchief to the right width, wetting it and wrapping it around my neck, letting the lap be made at the back of the neck and enveloping that with a dry towel, folded somewhat wider than the kerchief was. Last night I repeated this treatment. In both cases very soon after returning to my bed I was lost in sleep, as perfect as that which comes to us in childhood's happy hours. If I were habitually a poor sleeper I would try such an envelopment of the neck on retiring, and if I should become wakeful in the latter part of the night I would again wet the kerchief and replace it on the neck.

Statistics of Calamity.

From the Exchange.

Twins do not happen more than 300 times a year in a population of 500,000, and seldom hit the same family twice. Triplets are enough to be curiosities. It is estimated that not one woman in 70,000 has given birth to three children at a time, and, although there is on record in the old medical works the case of a German peasant who had 12 children at four births—three each time—and a Michigan woman is credited with having produced a dozen children in five births inside of seven years—quadruplets, once, triplets once, twins twice, and a lone youngster on the last occasion—such instances of fecundity are rarer than new planets, and the lady entitled to the cake for having four children at a whack is not found more than one among 275,000 married women.

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Speaking for the Knight.

BUFFALO, October 15.—M. A. Mayendorff, a native of Poland, who was sentenced to Siberia for life at the close of the revolution of 1863, arrived here this afternoon, and was interviewed by a correspondent. In 1863, when only 14 years of age, he fought, with three brothers, against Russia. His oldest brother was subsequently taken from his bed and shot without trial. The other was a prisoner for 11 months before he escaped. He is now in California. The next brother was wounded in battle, but is alive. The property of the family was confiscated.

After two months in the army Mayendorff was taken prisoner and was sent into solitary confinement for eight months. Then he was banished to Siberia, with 320 others, for life. One was a Catholic Archbishop, 72 years of age, who was sent for twelve years of hard labor; another was a woman, 54 years old, whose only offense was the hiding of a copy of the *National Secret Press.* After a journey of eight months they arrived at Tobolsk. On account of his rank, Mayendorff was allowed the freedom of the city. He there employed his time in teaching.

After nine months he got into another political scrape, and was banished to Turnish. While there he learned that his half brother, Col. Julian Aliwski, who had come to America, had interested himself in his behalf with the United States Government. Through the intercession of James G Blaine, with whom his brother was acquainted, President Lincoln gave instructions to the department, and after a short correspondence between the two governments, Mayendorff's sentence was changed to banishment to America. He came here in 1866 graduated from Ann Arbor University as a civil engineer.

He is now living in Montana, but comes East to urge his countrymen to support James G. Blaine. He has addressed them here with good results. He says his father is doing the same work in New York City, and has received assurances from over 4,000 Poles there that they would support Blaine. He will speak in every city where his countrymen reside in any considerable numbers.

The Tariff on Imported Beer.

Letter to New York Star.

I saw to-day a prominent German brewer just returned from Hamburg, Germany. He said he wished to warn American brewers what the effect would be on the brewing interests if the free trade idea should get in power in America. This gentleman said he visited breweries in Hamburg where men were working for thirty cents a day, and where they sold beer for $3 50 a barrel. He said:

"When I asked the German brewer why he did not ship his beer to America, he said: 'The Republican party has kept on a tariff of $6 a barrel, which would make their ordinary lager beer cost $9.50 a barrel in America.'

"I asked the German brewer what he would do if free trade prevailed and they took this duty off German beer. He said:

"Why then I could send German beer to America. The freight would be a dollar a barrel, and I would send ten cargoes to New York immediately and sell it for $5 per barrel. If the Democrats get into power we will supply German beer cheaper than the American brewers can make it.'

"Afterward," said the American German brewer, "I asked him what would be the final result, and he said:

"'We would continue to make beer for America till the laborers in the American breweries were willing to work for thirty cents a day.'"

In conclusion he advised all German brewers to protect themselves against such a result by voting for a high tariff party, and a man known to have high tariff ideas, like Mr. Blaine.

Mr. Chalfant's Buggy Upset.

DANVILLE, Oct. 21.—Thomas Chalfant, editor of the Danville *Intelligencer*, and wife met with a serious accident a couple of days ago, which came near being attended with fatal results. While out driving the horse shied and upset the buggy. Mr. Chalfant was thrown against the fence senseless and his wife was fastened under the buggy and would have been dragged to death had it not been that the horse broke loose from the vehicle. Although considerably bruised both are recovering.

The East Pennsylvania Eldership.

LANCASTER, Pa., Oct. 22.—The sixty-fifth annual session of the East Pennsylvania eldership of the Church of God embracing twelve counties, convened in this city this evening. There is a large attendance of preachers and delegates. The sessions will continue for a week.

Ohio Miners Go to Work.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 22.—W. P. Rend, of Chicago, addressed 2,000 striking miners at Corning to-day. He explained at length that the advance rate demanded could not be paid. The miners extended a vote of thanks to him and decided to go to work to-morrow morning.

Gleanings

The Hygienic Congress denounced the present system of education and competitive examination prevalent in America, as prejudicial to the health of those subjected to it.

There is a stone called Centre Rock located in the rotunda in the Capitol at Raleigh, N. C. If a man stands squarely upon it his words become inarticulate to those around him.

Five years ago Mr. David Walk of Indianapolis invested $1,500 in Kansas City property. He is now the possessor of a small fortune of $50,000 owing to the increased value of his land.

Medical, etc.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Protection.

No such protective against chills and fever and other diseases of a malarial type exists as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It relieves constipation, liver disorders, rheumatism, kidney and bladder ailments with certainty and promptitude. A change, as gratifying as it is complete, soon takes place in the appearance as well as the sensation of the wan and haggard invalid who uses this standard promoter of health and strength.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Put a Brand on Him.

"Women are a necessary evil," he said, bringing down his fist hard on the counter to emphasize the heartless remark. It was in the village store at West Milton, Saratoga county, and the speaker was the central figure of a group of bucholic philosophers. He was homely, slovenly and sixty.

"There's where I differ from you altogether," said Mr. George T. Graham, of the same place. "Women are mostly what men make 'em. When husbands are brutes wives fall into submission or make home hot for the men; and they're unnatural in either character. Love them, and especially be good to them when they're sick, and you'll have no trouble. There's my own wife, now; she's suffered a good deal with dyspepsia, nervous prostration and other ailments that took the bloom off her cheeks and the spring out of her step. Well, she saw an advertisement of PARKER'S TONIC and thought it would be just the thing for her case. Gentlemen, I sent five miles after a bottle. She took it. I sent again after more. Several times. Trouble? Why, if you could see how much good it has done her you would say that women are the greatest of God's blessings, and PARKER'S TONIC is the next."

This preparation, which has been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will hereafter be called simply PARKER'S TONIC. This change has been rendered necessary by substitutes imposed upon their customers by unprincipled dealers under the name of ginger; and as ginger is really an unimportant flavoring ingredient, we drop the misleading word.

There is no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all the bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the fac simile signature of HISCOX & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. 16 46 4t

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Medical.

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Among the many symptoms of Dyspepsia or indigestion the most prominent are: Variable appetite; faint, gnawing feeling at pit of the stomach, with unsatisfied craving for food; heartburn, feeling of weight and wind in the stomach, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, low spirits, general prostration, headache, and constipation. There is no form of disease more prevalent than Dyspepsia, and none so peculiar to the high-living and rapid-eating American people. Alcohol and tobacco produce Dyspepsia; also, bad air, rapid eating, etc. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will cure the worst case, by regulating the bowels and toning up the digestive organs. Sold everywhere.

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Miscellaneous.

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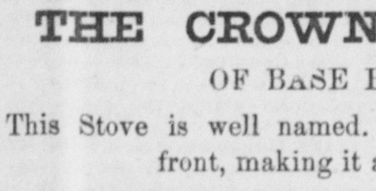

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Miscellaneous.

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Miscellaneous.

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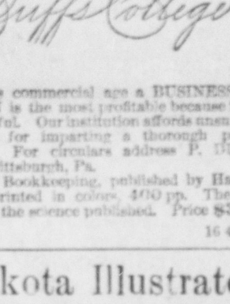

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EDWARD T. TUTEN.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Temperance Politics.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Some of the most prominent temperance workers of Erie County—men who stood for office on the Prohibition ticket—are out to-day in a long address to the Prohibitionists of the United States, calling on them to support the candidates of the Republican party for the presidency and vice-presidency; and in presenting their ideas they say:

"There is at present some confusion in our ranks. We all desire the triumph of the principles of Prohibition, but differ as to the measures likely to secure it. To many of us at the present time the national Prohibitory movement seems most undesirable. A great moral crisis confronts us. The only two candidates who have a possible chance of election are moral opposites. The influence of the domestic life of the president upon the morals of the nation, and especially upon the private habits and character of our young men, is potent and far-reaching. We gratefully remember the impetus given to temperance and morality throughout the land by the example of President Hayes and his noble wife, and the services rendered to domestic virtue by the example of President Garfield's family. Personal virtue in the White House is a mighty force for good, and personal immorality in that exalted station would be equally potent for evil. The national issue to-day lies between two opposite characters. One candidate is the honored head of a respected family; the other is currently reported to be both intemperate and unchaste. The household of the president should be such as would bring honor and virtue into the Executive Mansion, challenging the emulation of our own people and the admiration of foreign lands; and such we believe will be the case if the honored head of a worthy family is called to the executive chair. The present contest, therefore, is not only between two great political parties, but also between those essential virtues which strengthen our Republic and family circle and the condonatian of vices which would sap its foundation and ultimately cause its destruction—between temperance and shameless debauchery."

There follows a long appeal to Prohibitionists not to exalt a man to the presidency who is guilty of such actions as the Democratic candidate is shown to have committed; that their votes for a third party candidate would not elect that candidate, but would aid materially in electing Grover Cleveland. They conclude by saying: "Our plea is not for party, but for home, for purity and for righteousness."

The address is signed by C. K. Porter, past supreme councilor; Emmor Haines, Prohibition candidate for Congress in 1882; B. C. Dean, who ran on the Prohibition ticket in 1883; F. Luxford, P. S. C.; W. L. French, P. S. C.; S. D. Oaks, P. S. C.; George D. Emerson, P. S. C.; J. G. Johnson, P. S. C., Royal Templars of Temperance; Colonel E. M. Wright, B. D. Rogers, J. H. Haines and many other prominent temperance men.

Blaine in New York.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 27.—Notwithstanding the rain Blaine was given an enthusiastic reception here this morning. He spoke briefly, and then left for Salamanca, where he spoke as follows:

"The American people never settled but one great question in a single presidential election. There may be other issues, but there is always one that leads and in the end absorbs popular attention. The issue in 1884 is the question of a protective tariff on the one side against free trade on the other side. Some republicans in the state of New York have acted wisely. If they want free trade the proper thing for them to do so is to join the democratic party, but for those who want a protective tariff continued the proper thing is to adhere to the republican party. Any man who has decided convictions on that question should remain and abide with the republican party. On the other hand any man who has decided views in favor of free trade will better carry out these views by joining the democratic party."

Shortly after the Blaine train left Jamestown this morning Mayor Parsons, of Rochester, approached Mr. Blaine bearing a uniform of company F, First regiment of Boys in Blue, of Rochester, whose roster Blaine signed when in Rochester a few weeks ago, and addressing Blaine on behalf of the ladies of Rochester, presented him with the uniform.

Joy Arrives Home.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—James F. Joy, of Detroit, Mich., arrived here to-day from England on the steamer Germania. He refused to be interviewed on any subject; and said he would be required to read of what had been published before he could speak with reference to the conversation he had with Beecher in September, 1877.

$80,000 Fire in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The building occupied by A. G. Spaulding & Bros., dealers in sporting goods, on West Madison street, was burned this morning, causing a loss of about $80,000.

The Soldiers' Tribute to the War Governor.

The Court House was well filled on Monday evening, the occasion being the meeting of veterans in the interest of ex-Gov. Curtin's candidacy for Congress. Capt. J. A. Quigley, of Eagleville, was called to the chair, and three vice presidents elected, viz: John Noll, of Bellefonte, Nelson Lucas of Spring township, and W. T. Fitzgerald, of Bellefonte, Capt. R C. Cheesman, of Washington, and Austin Curtin serving as secretaries. The Curtin band was in attendance in their handsome new uniforms and performed several airs. Capt. Quigley made a speech on taking the chair. Other speakers were called for, but none considered it fitting to respond until the committee—J C P Jones, Jos Reed and Geo Tate—sent to escort Gov. Curtin to the meeting returned with that gentleman, who was wildly cheered. He made one of his characteristic speeches, every sentence being applauded. He was followed by Capt. Kress, of Lock Haven, in a speech highly laudatory of the Governor. Measures were adopted to have tickets circulated with Gov. Curtin's name on. Speeches were made by Capt. Cheesman, Comrade J. C. P. Jones, and others. As a demonstration it was quite successful and doubtless will greatly aid Mr. Curtin's prospects.

Since writing the above, we have received the secretary's notes, from which we quote in regard to the War Governor's speech and the other proceedings of the meeting as follows:

"On being introduced by the president, he arose and began one of his eloquent speeches, giving just tribute to soldiers in general and Pennsylvania soldiers in particular. He gave his views in regard to Memorial Day, now so popular and touching all over the country. He also spoke of the various bills introduced by him for the soldier's benefit, one in particular the giving of $40 per month for those who had lost a leg or an arm; also that while some frauds had been perpetrated on the government in the way of pensions yet what the men suffered entitles the soldier to all he has gotten and very much more than ever he will get. He thanks all for their presence and friendship, and does not ask for that friendship of soldiers in any other way, than he deserves it from old neighbors and friends, and the soldiers, to whom he has a special love and reverence. All through his short speech he was interrupted very frequently by cheers and clapping of hands.

Capt. W. C. Kress, of Lock Haven, being present, was called out and opened with some beautiful sentiments in regard to the soldier and soldier's wives and daughters, and urged all to see to it that we vote for those only who are friends to us, who can fitly represent us in the halls of Congress. Have we such a man? Have we a man amongst us who looked after us during the war? Who was first on the bloody field to look to the comfort of wounded and to our decent interment of the dead? Then let us go to work and pledge to one another to work for the election of the old War Governor, A. G. Curtin, as our representative in Congress; and so on to the end of his speech. He was eloquent in all he said and was cheered to the echo.

D. F. Fortney then opened his speech by stating the object of the meeting, the business feature. The principal one now, to have the tickets properly prepared and see to it that they get into proper hands for use on day of the election. That Mr. Hall boasted that he had as much money to spend in the matter as Gov. Curtin has and, as Mr. F. said, probably more, and for this we must look out and see that money is not used in a disreputable way by the opponents of Gov. Curtin. Mr F. then moved that a committee from the different townships be appointed on tickets and other business in effecting an organization. R C Cheeseman, of Bellefonte; Dr Thos S Christ, of College, W A Jacobs, of Potter; Geo G Tate, of Spring; John G Uzzle, of Snow Shoe; Joseph Fox, Bellefonte; J C P Jones of Milesburg; W C Vanvalin, of Unionville; John A Daley, of Curtin; Jno I Curtin, Bellefonte; J A Quigley, of Liberty.

R. C. Cheeseman, being called on, made some beautiful and feeling, remarks. J. C. P. Jones, being called out, gave his views in a very neat, short speech. Jas. H. Rankin made an eloquent speech, calling forth cheers from the audience.

D. F. Fortney rose again by way of explanation in regard to the committee telling all who can assist it in any way to call on R. C. Cheesman at Jno. I. Rankin's office at any time. Also spoke of the difference between the old War Governor in Congress and such a small pattern as Hall to occupy his seat in those halls made historic by such representatives as we have had for this district. That he had attended an exceedingly large meeting on Saturday night in the old Governor's interest. The men of leisure, the business men, the men from the bowels of the earth, the old soldiers, some maimed and bruised, all came to pay their respects to the old grey-headed Governor, and enthusiasm prevails everywhere.

Capt. Kress, getting the floor again, explained why a Democrat should not vote for Hall and a Republican should not vote for Patton, going on to state the course of the minority counties dragging all over the district to fool people with the idea that they meant at any time to make a fair nomination and that the Democrats of his county had been defrauded into voting for such a man as Hall who had not a shadow of a chance to the nomination. The reason the Republicans should not favor Gen. Patton he said was because he positively refused to be brought before the regular conferees in Bellefonte on the 14th, but when the Democrats were placed in the field then Patton was anxious to run and be the nominee of a "rump" conference, and that Clinton county and Union county Republicans are not at all unanimous for Patton, and that Centre and Mifflin were nearly unanimous for Curtin; and so also were the Republicans of Elk. So where in this earthly world is Patton's chance? The contest will narrow down to Curtin and Hall, and who for a moment would make a comparison between these two? After paying a glowing tribute to the Governor he sat down amidst the cheers and cries of all the audience.

Col. Milliken was then called for and made one of his characteristic, eloquent speeches, favoring the election of his old friend and neighbor, Gov. Curtin. Mr. Bamford, a Maryland veteran, but now a resident of Pennsylvania, gave his views and his intentions of voting and working for Curtin. His speech certainly brought down the house. After music by the Band the meeting adjourned.

Corporal's Budget.

STORMSTOWN, PA., October 25, 1884

EDITOR NEWS: Since I wrote you casualties in this township have been numerous. A few days ago, at the Juniata mines, a bank of ore caved in on Mr. David Harpster (one of the miners), breaking one of his legs and injuring him otherwise. On the same day the cars run over Mr. Hiram Harms, the switch tender, and used him up considerably. But the saddest accident happened to Mr. Joseph Branstetler, he had made arrangements to raise ore by the ton at the Dry Hollow mines, and on Monday, while cribbing up a shaft, the earth caved in on him and injured him so severely that he died in a few hours. He was an excellent citizen and every one that knew him was his friend; and no man will be missed more than Mr. Joseph Branstetler.

Another sad death was that of Miss Frances Blakely, of this place, who was interred in Gray's cemetery today. Miss Blakely had been suffering for some time with cancer. However, her death was expected and she was perfectly resigned to leave this world of trouble and affliction, being a firm believer in a reward for those who seek it.

Mr. William Thompson had auction at his store at Scotia on last Monday night.

Mr. William Wyke, the staunch Blaine and Logan man of Juniata mines, was promoted the other day to master machinist. This is as every one expected. Bill is a first class fellow and trusty as they make them.

Mr. John Brodest has renounced Cleveland since his cow laid down and died the other day.

If Mr. John Musser wrote the letter in the *Watchman* last week denying that Mr. Rhone wrote him a letter saying that on party issues that he was just as good a Republican as ever why it is a strange thing to me, Two gentlemen in Boalsburg told me on Wednesday that they both read the letter. One was a Democrat but the other was a Republican. Now the next thing, in order is for Mr. Rhone to deny that he told Mr. John W. Gray of this township that his sentiments are still the same and that he is still a Republican. There is no man's word in Centre county that surpasses Mr. Gray's for truth and veracity.

The *Centre Democrat* need not spit its spite out at Mr. Elder, the Republican nominee for Prothonatory, as the name stands boldly out as one of the early settlers of this country. One hundred years ago (this year) H. G. Elder's great-grand father came to this country. His grand-father, Mr. Robert Elder, was known far and near and respected for his many generous deeds and loved by all that knew him. His father Abram Elder, who died some years ago was one of the strictest business men. Many of the older citizens will remember him as a surveyor and at one time clerk to the county commissioners, and received for his labor one hundred dollars per year. Mr. H. G. Elder is a chip out of the old block and has not lost any of the talent or vigor that his forefathers were endowed with, and if elected will fill the office with credit and respect. Mr. Elder is an excellent scholar and good accountant. Mr. Elder received his education at the State College and taught school eight years in succession in this township. And if he is not elected it will be an everlasting disgrace to this county.

Yours &c.,

CORPORAL.

Soldiers Favorable to Curtin.

Geo. W. Fairlamb, 148 Reg., P. V.; Daniel W. Eberhart, 142 P. V.; Monroe Armor, 2d P. V.; R. A. Laird, 22d P. V. C.; W. H. Blair, 51 P. V.; Geo. Cox, 51 P. V.; Michael Runkle 56th P. V.; R. C. Cheesman, 45th, P. V.; Michael Fausey, 1st P. V. Cav.; Wm. Harper, 148th P. V.; D. F. Fortney, 148th P. V.; F. C. Richard, 18th P. V.; John I. Curtin, 45th P. V.; Geo. A. Bayard, 148 P. V.; Nelson A. Lucas, 45th P. V.; H. H. Benner, 45th P. V.; William A. Jacobs, 148 P. V.; John Noll, 19th P. V. C.; William Green, 6th U. S. C. T.; H. H. Montgomery, 148th P. V.; James Harris, 2nd P. V.; John Anderson, 91st P. V.; Andrew Lucas, 148th P.V.; A. H. Cox, 45th P. V.; William Fisher, 56th P.V.; Charles Garner, 6th U. S. C. T.; Geo. G. Tate, 110th P. V.; Jos. Fox, 148th P. V.; James Dolan, 51st P. V.; James Ginter, 205th P. V.; Calvin Waltz, 56th P. V.; Patrick Kelley, 1st P. V. Cav.; A. B. Snyder, 51st P. V.; Frank Johnson, 5 U. S. C. T.; Rudolph Hanes, 45th P. V.; Chas. Glenn, 4th P. V.; Austin Lambert, 148th P. V.; Benj. Housel, 93d P. V.; Peter McMahon, 11th P. V.; Martin Curns, 51st P. V.; Robert McNele, 47th P. V.; J. Miles Kephart, 84th P. V.; William Gares, 148th P. V.; Briney Morrison, 1st Penn'a. Cav.; John N. Dolan, 45th P. V., Thomas Evers, 45th P. V.; Austin Curtin, 45th P. V.; W. H. Shultz, 148th P. V.; Frank Holt, 1st P. V. Cav.; Constans Barger, 148th P. V.; James Barger, 148th P. V.; Geo. W. Young, 45th P. V.; Jas. H. Rankin, 56th P. V.; Daniel B. Malone, 45th P. V.; William Jones, U. S. N.; Josh. Foulk, 184th P. V.; J. J. Condo, 148th P. V.; Wm. Saylor, 200d, P. V.; J. P. G. Jones, 148th P. V.; George Rodgers, 51st P. V.; Capt. Quigle, 49th P. V.; Amos Garbrick, 148th P. V.; Jacob Williams, 6th U. S. C. T.; James Fulton, 1st P. V. C.; John Mullen, 49th P. V.; Chas. Cook, 45th P. V.; Wm. J. Thompson, A. C.; Robt. McFarlane, 148th P. V.; A. Hassinger, 3d P. V.; Chas. Miller, 8th U. S. C. T.; G. Fike, 149th P. V.; F. P. Green, 105th P. V.; P. C. Steele, 4th P. V.; E. M. Blanchard, 2d P. V.; George F. Harris, 7th P V Cav.; John A Davis, 103d P V; H A Bamford, 1st Maryland P V; Edward Spears, 4th P V; John Deters, Jr., 93d P V; Simeon Bathurst, 148th P V; Geo C Mills, 200d P V; Thos R Bainer, 45th P V; William Hamilton, 5th P V; Robert Valentine, 2d P V; Charles Garrett, 148th P V; Nelson Flack, 148th P V; A Rider, 97th P V; William Fitzgerald, 45th P V; John Feaster, 76th P V; George Rown, 76th P V; John Bowzer, 110th P V; Jacob Williams, 6th U S C T; Chas Miller, 8th P V; James Fulton, 1st P V C; Geo F Harris, 7th P V; H A Bamford, 1st M V; Marshall Cox, 5th Reserves; R C Irvin, U S Navy; Frank Wallace, 2d P V C; Philip T B Smith, 148th P V; John G Uzzle, 148th P V.

Potter Township O. K.

CENTRE HALL, Oct. 25, 1884.

MR. EDITOR: The Cleveland party held a rally in Centre Hall on Thursday night which was a tame affair. It was a long time before a sufficient number had gathered to organize and J. L. Spangler was called on for a speech. Next came Woodward, who talked about Rhone all the time and told us wonderful things, especially what a great Democrat Leonard is. I tell you it was news to all Democrats here, and Woodward left with two votes less for himself in consequence It is not necessary for him to tell our people about Rhone. Next Kurtz was called, but he spouted only about a half minute and then the thing collapsed. Centre Hall Democrats are all out of joint. There was too much trading, selling out and deception against each other this year, and the unterrified are left in a bad mood with no offices, and that's what's the matter. It is well known that Rhone was run here by a trading set as a blind to beat both Rhone and Kurtz, and break everything to get the prothonotary. But Rhone was too sharp and the biters got bit and now they won't vote for him. Potter will be O. K.

LOGAN.

—In all fairness, we ask Republicans and Democrats who are acquainted with Bobert Brett, the Democratic nominee for prothonotary, not to vote for him, but instead to vote for H. G. Elder. It is simply because you know "Bob," with all his failings, that we ask this of you. Those who met him when he visited Bellefonte last week; those who have seen "Bob's" penmanship and orthography; *they* should certainly refuse to vote for him and support only a man who is *capable* of filling the position. Is it true, as was remarked by a Democrat, that "If Bob is elected he will have to hire somebody to attend to the duties of the position for him?"

—Now Judge Hoy is in quest of votes. A few days ago he descended into a barber shop in Bellefonte and offered to pay the expense of a new window light which his boys had broken long ago. But then the Judge should have paid that trifling expense when requested to do so, at the time the glass was broken. He said then that he would "see about it," and has just arrived at the conclusion that such debts should be paid. But it is too late to gain him a vote; the motive for the payment is too apparent and transparent. The barber couldn't be caught by such a trick and indignantly refused to accept pay.

—Cold weather has been followed by rain.

Another Convert.

Henry Bloomfield, one of the aides that marched in the Democratic parade in Altoona a few evenings ago, has come out flat footed for Blaine and Logan. He says: "I take this present opportunity to announce to the Democrats of Altoona that I, like many other Democrats, can no longer vote the Democratic ticket conscientiously, when I know that by supporting the Democratic ticket I am voting in favor of the free trade party, which is entirely antagonistic to the working classes of this and every manufacturing State of the Union.

"Should any of my Democratic friends claim that they are not the free-trade party, I respectfully direct them to the Morrison bill in the last house of representatives, where only forty Democrats in these United States could be found to vote against that obnoxious bill. I, for one, do not intend by my vote to benefit Europeans to the injury of the working classes of this free and enlightened country."

Business Notices and Other Items.

FALL AND WINTER SEASON, 1884 and 1885.—Our new stock of woolens now in. Leave your order to-day.

16 36 MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Crow returned from their wedding tour on Monday evening and are now comfortably located at the pleasant boarding house of Misses Humes and Magill on Allegheny street.

ANY HOUSEKEEPER who sends at once the names of five married ladies, at same address, and 12 two-cent stamps for postage, will receive free for one entire year, a handsome, entertaining and instructive Domestic Journal, devoted to Fashions, Fancy Works, Decorating, Shopping, Cooking, and Household matters. Best paper published for ladies. Every housekeeper wants it. Regular price, $1.00. Must send now! Address, DOMESTIC JOURNAL, Nunda, N. Y.

16 30 3m

—The death of William Miller, a lad living in Milesburg, occurred on Sunday. He was buried at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon. The boy was a cripple and had always been in delicate health.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by druggists. 16 30 1y

—The Presbyterian Sunday-school building will be dedicated with appropriate services on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 9. Rev. Mr. Yeomans, a former pastor of the Bellefonte Presbyterian church, will be present. We also understand that Judge Samuel Linn, of Williamsport, will be here. These two gentlemen will contribute greatly to the success of the occasion.

The First Keen Twinge,

As the season advances, the pains and aches by which rheumatism makes itself known, are experienced after every exposure. It is not claimed that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a specific for rheumatism—we doubt if there is, or can be, such a remedy. But the thousands benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla, warrant us in urging others who suffer from rheumatism to take it before the first keen twinge.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, October 24, 1884.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 80
Mixed Wheat	78
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	60
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 00
do prime to extra prime	4 50
do choice	5 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 40
Flour, wholesale	4 80
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

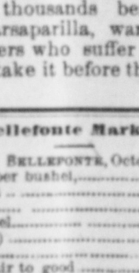
Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	7
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	14 to 15
Country hams per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	17
Country Bacon	11
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes (new), per bushel	40
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—10
Canned corn "	10—12½—12
Lemons per doz	25 to 40
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 16 10 1y

Miscellaneous.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, Thomas J. Dunkle, Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER, 4, 1884,

for the purpose of electing thirty persons for electors for President and Vice President of the United States.

One person for Congressman-at-Large for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Congress to represent the 20th district.

One person for President Judge for the counties of Centre and Huntingdon, being the 49th Judicial district.

One person for Associate Judge for Centre county.

Two persons for Representatives for the county of Centre.

One person for Sheriff for the county of Centre.

One person for Prothonotary for the county of Centre.

One person for Treasurer for the county of Centre.

One person for Register for the county of Centre.

One person for Recorder for the county of Centre.

Three persons for Commissioners for the county of Centre.

Three persons for Auditors for the county of Centre.

I also make known and hereby give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the county of Centre are as follow, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (Western precinct) at the public house of Andrew Immel, Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter (northern precint) at the public house of D. J. Moyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (southern precinct) at the house owned by J. B. Fisher, of Penn Hall, and occupied by Frank Hosterman.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct) in the school house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the school house at Baileyville.

For the township of Harris in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the court house in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, at the school house at Hublersburg.

For the township of Howard, at the school house of said borough.

For the borough of Howard, at the public house in said borough.

For the township of Rush (northern precinct) in the public house, at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in public school house, in village of Powelton.

For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at public school house, in village of Snow Shoe.

For township of Snow Shoe (western precinct) at public school house, in village of Moshannon.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joseph Kling, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs (northern precinct) at public school house, known as Walker school house.

For the township of Boggs (southern precinct) at public school house in Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house kept by Joseph Kleckner, at Coburn.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house at Unionville.

For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the small public school house.

NOTICE is hereby given, "That every person executing the office of justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of any profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or Clerk of an election of this commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or other offices of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following act of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1866: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of the Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified electors of the several counties of the Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-box.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-four, and in the One Hundred and Eighth year of the Independence of the United States.

T. J. DUNKLE,
Sheriff of Centre County.

o10 5tw4t

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between J. Searfoss and F. S. Mayer, under the firm name of Searfoss & Mayer, at Bellefonte, Pa., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1884. All debts due the said partnership are to be paid to and those due from the same are to be discharged by J. Searfoss, who will hereafter conduct the business at the same place.

J. SEARFOSS,
F. S. MAYER.

oct11-1 d4t-5tw

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county.—In the matter of the estate of Ellen Pacini, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said Court to distribute the balance in the hands of the administrator of said estate among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Friday, November 7, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m. All persons are requested to present their claims at that time and place or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

16 40 3t

A. A. DALE, Auditor.

SALESMEN WANTED. Liberal Commission or Salary and expenses. Address P. N. NICHOLAS & CO., Nurserymen, Geneva, N. Y., growers of all the new and old Fruits and ornamentals. 16 41 4t

LINES FROM LOVEVILLE.

After Giving the Floating News of the vicinity, "Web" Relates a Very Sad Event.

LOVEVILLE, October 23, 1884.

Fine rain yesterday.

Indian summer prevails at this writing.

The grain fields are looking green and thrifty.

The woods are now clothed in their fall coat of many colors.

We infer from appearances that our wagon maker has been trading buggies.

Mr. B. W. Rumbarger is off on another trip. This time it is Centre Hall and vicinity.

Mr. William Cole is quite busy just at present, he having four new vehicles to make.

The cider is all made, the corn is nearly husked, the threshing is being done, and what comes next? Why, the election and butchering, of course.

Mr. Edward Yeager has returned home after an extended trip through a large part of the United States. He was engaged in delivering for a photo-copying firm of Harrisburg.

How uncertain and yet how certain is death! Again it is our painful duty to chronicle an accident that is one of the saddest we have ever recorded On Monday morning, the 20th inst. Mr. Joseph Branstetler of Centre Line left his home for the Nye ore banks, where he was engaged in raising ore and at noon he was carried home almost lifeless. He was engaged in taking timber from an old shaft, when by some of the clay embankment giving away his foot slipped and he fell to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 48 feet, from whence he was taken out in a shockingly mangled condition. He was taken to his home. Although so terribly injured, life was not extinct. The fall occurred at 11 o'clock and he lived until about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, remaining unconscious all that time until his death. The funeral was held yesterday (Wednesday) from his own residence at Centre Line. Although the day was very disagreeable, owing to the rain, yet many assembled at the house to pay their last homage to one who was as a brother to all. With utter silence and with a solemnity, conscious that they were in the presence of the dead and awed by the thought thereof, all passed into the room where the body reposed in an elegant casket, where the last look at the dead was taken. At the appointed hour the assemblage repaired to the Lutheran Cemetery at Centre Line where the remains were interred according to the rites of the United Brethren church, of which deceased was a member. After the interment, services were held in the Lutheran church adjoining the cemetery, by the Rev. Lisle Zeeke, the U. B. pastor *loci*. After the singing of two hymns which were favorites of the deceased, and the reading of selected passages of Scripture and prayer, the reverend gentleman preached from I Cor. 3:22. The discourse was exactly suited to the occasion.

Mr. Branstetler leaves a wife and three sons, all grown into manhood. His age was 61 years, 2 months and 22 days. Your correspondent extends to those who mourn his sincere condolence.

WEB.

Cullings from Gregg.

SPRING MILLS, Oct. 25, 1884.

The people at Spring Mills, don't like the change of name to Rising Spring.

Mr. Spigelmyer has consolidated his two stores into one.

The cars will run to Oak Hall on November 1, and the telegraph poles are already up beyond Centre Hall.

Political excitement is waxing hot all at once. Grenoble now gives up the idea that Rhone will carry Gregg township. The Democratic meetings are the slimmest ever held.

What's the matter with Fred Kurtz that his voice is heard no more? It used to ring out at all the meetings, Now, however, his mouth is shut. We miss your good stories, Fred; and the crowd always liked your slashing at the Republicans. Guess the Grangers were to much for you, helped as they were by the fellows who sold you out to get the prothonotary at Centre Hall.

Come, Fred; Come Fred;
Come talk to 'em now.
Come talk to 'em just as
You only know how.

Fred, "Republics are ungrateful" and so are the Democrats. See it?

I think there will be queer news from Penns Valley next week, news that will mean our people are not fools.

S. I.

—The railroad company, it is stated, expects to change the name of Spring Mills, although a new name has not yet been adopted. The reason is stated to be because there is a Spring Mills in Montgomery county which causes confusion. We do not consider that sufficient excuse, as the two towns are not near enough to lead passengers into error. The people of Spring Mills should object.

—Our enterprising and faithful Republican friend, Clem Dale, Esq., addressed an immense Republican meeting at Howard on Friday evening. He talked for an hour and a half to a very interested audience. He extolled the merits of the gentlemen who have been nominated on the Republican county ticket and reminded his hearers that a faithful Republican in the person of Hon. John Patton is in the field for Congress and a vote for him will be a vote in favor of Republicanism genuine and undefiled. The National candidate received a glowing tribute and the meeting terminated very enthusiastically with three cheers for the success of the Republican cause in November, 1884.

—A correspondent, writing to this paper, gives the highest praise to Dr. C. P. W. Fisher, and says that in his opinion the Doctor should be elected to the office of Associate Judge. "Doctor Fisher is well known," he says, "in this county and has always been a faithful Republican. He was also in the army as surgeon of General Beaver's regiment, the 48th. He is highly educated, and is well fitted in every way for the office. If he is elected the position will be more efficiently filled than it ever was before." We agree with what the correspondent says as we are personally acquainted with Dr. Fisher. We believe the voter will consult his own interest by voting for him.

Death of Mrs. Conser.

Many people who lived in Rebersburg and vicinity were acquainted with Mrs. Catharine Conser, who died on Wednesday, Oct. 15. All of these will sorrow sincerely because of the departure of one who has lived so long among them and who was so generally esteemed. Her age was 85 years, 2 months and 14 days, and it is said that she has not been able to walk during the past twenty years. She leaves five children and numerous other near relatives, and all will cherish her memory.

—Trains run regularly on the new road from Lewisburg to Oak Hall. The train arrives at Centre Hall at 10½ a. m. and at Oak Hall at 11:25. The train leaves Oak Hall at 1 o'clock p. m., passing Centre Hall a half hour later. The road has been inspected and accepted by the railroad authorities as far as Oak Hall.

THE WONDER

Is becoming universal as to how such an immense sale could be created in Lowell for HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA. But, my friend, if you could stand behind our counter a week and hear what those say who are using it, the reason would appear as clear as the noon-day sun. The real curative power of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA demonstrates itself in every case where *our directions* are faithfully regarded. We would that we might get before the people a fractional part of the confidence that is expressed to us every day in this medicine by those who have carefully noted (without prejudice) its effects upon the blood and through that upon the whole system, stimulating all the functions of the body to perform the duties nature requires of them. Try a bottle and satisfy yourself.

Cold Hands and Feet.

LOWELL, Feb. 3, 1879.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gentlemen—About one year ago my daughter commenced taking your Sarsaparilla. At that time she had very little appetite; could take no long walks, and her face was badly broken out with a humor. She was low-spirited; troubled with cold hands and feet; her blood seemed to be poor, and she was in a condition which caused us great anxiety. After taking one bottle of your Sarsaparilla she began to improve; and she now has a good appetite and can take much longer walks. Her humor is nothing compared with what it was one year ago. She is in better spirits, is not troubled with cold hands and feet as previously. And I attribute this improvement in her condition largely to your Sarsaparilla. She has taken six bottles, and intends to continue its use. I was inclined to oppose the trial of it at first. I now have great faith in it as a blood purifier. Very truly yours,

A. L. HINCKLEY,
No. 264 Broadway, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all druggists. Price $1; or six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

16 14 1y

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Samuel Saxton, late of Huston township, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the deceased to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement

JOHN D. HENDERSON, Adm'r.,
16 42 6t P.O address Julian Furnace, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Eve Segner, late of College township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same duly authenticated to

PETER SCHULTZ, Adm'r,
16 41 6t P. O., Lemont, Pa.

NOTICE.

The stockholders of the Agricultural College and Junction Turnpike Road Co., will meet at Lement, Pa., on Monday, November 3, at 10 o'clock a. m, for the purpose of holding the annual election,

16 41 2t WM. THOMPSON, Jr., Sec'y.

NOTICE.

The stockholders of the Boalsburg and Bellefonte Turnpike Road Co., will meet at the Brockerhoff House in Bellefonte, Pa., at 3 o'clock p. m., on Monday, November 3, for the purpose of holding the annual election

16 41 1t MOSES THOMPSON, Sec'y.

Subpœna in Divorce

SARAH F. WILSON, by her next friend, THOMAS TAYLOR, vs. A. G. WILSON.	In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County. No. 39, Aug. Term, 1884.

The undersigned, a Commissioner appointed by the Court to take testimony in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bellefonte on Wednesday, the 19th day of November, A. D. 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., when all parties interested may attend.

JOHN KLINE,
16 42 3t Commissioner.

Furniture and Bedding.

J. C. BRACHBILL. W. R. BRACHBILL.

J. BRACHBILL'S SONS,

Furniture and Bedding!

The Largest Stock!
The Lowest Prices!

UPHOLSTERING A SPECIALTY.

NO. 20 SPRING STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

16-28tf

Miscellaneous.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Jacob C. Walker, late of Boggs township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

PHILIP RESIDES,
Executor.
Boggs township, Sept. 13, 1884. 16 36 6t

THE AIM

—OF—

DOLL'S

MAMMOTH

Boot & Shoe

ESTABLISHMENT:

TO CRUSH

High-Toned Prices and Gilt-Edged Profits.

THIS MUST AND WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED.

My long and active experience in the sale of custom and ready made Boots, Shoes, Slippers, &c., gives me the advantage of knowing the wants of all classes of people. An experience of twenty years enables me to buy or have made such goods as will suit the trade.

My stock of

Boots, Shoes, &c.,

for LADIES AND MISSES, MEN AND BOYS, is simply immense. Better goods were never put together. The style of workmanship and variety has never been equalled at this or any other house. All my goods are of the best make and the prices are scaled down to insure rapid sales. Everybody will therefore subserve their own interest by buying at

DOLL'S

Old Reliable Boot and Shoe Store,

NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Great Bargains

TO BE HAD AT

DOLL'S MAMMOTH SHOE STORE,

AT HIS NEW STAND,

Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa., between First National Bank and Post Office.

I guarantee to sell 20 per cent. lower than any other house in the city. Buyers may, therefore rest assured that they can save money by dealing with me, so please call and examine my goods and learn my prices before investing your money elsewhere.

No trouble to show goods.

LOUIS DOLL, Proprietor.

Bellefonte Sept. 17,'1884. 16 36 3m

Great Inducements

OFFERED AT THE

BELLEFONTE

MARBLE WORKS

—IN—

Italian, Rutland, Sutherland Falls, French, Blue and Dorset

MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES

—AND—

Burial Vaults.

GRANITE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Sutherland Falls Tiling, with Isle La Motte Marble for Border.

Tubular, Galvanized and Wrought Iron Fencing for cemetery lots and private yards.

GRAVE GUARDS,
IRON SETTEES,
CHAIRS & VASES
AT SPECIAL RATES.

Also Enameled Slate Mantels, Marbleized and Decorated Hearths, Fire Grates, Registers, Furniture and Wash-stands, Toys, Bracket Shelves, &c., &c.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

S. A. STOVER,

PROPRIETOR.

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.

16 28 1f

Miscellaneous.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of THOMAS HUSTON, deceased. } In the Orphans' Court of Centre County.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said Court to make distribution of balance in hands of the executor of said estate, as per his account filed, to and among those legally entitled, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte on Thursday, November 6, 1884, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day.

JOHN G. LOVE,
16 40 3t Auditor.

Foundry & Machine SHOPS, AND Farmers' Repair Depot.

Having leased the old Bellefonte Foundry, and improved and repaired the same, we are now prepared to make all kinds of

CASTINGS

on short notice. All kinds of Farming Machinery Repaired and missing parts supplied.

Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, Threshing and Horse Power Machines a Specialty.

MILL AND ORE BANK MACHINERY

Attended to on short notice, or anything else that comes under our line of business.

HICKS & GRIFFITH,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

June5dAwtf

DON'T

BUY A

WATCH

Until you have seen and examined the

Rockford Watch.

At the Company's Agency in Bellefonte, or in the hands of over

300 SATISFIED OWNERS

IN

CENTRE COUNTY.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Sole Agent for Centre County, Pa., for the

Rockford Watch Co.

16

S. & A. Loeb.

1000

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's

SUITS

Of the Celebrated

Rochester Make

Just received and put in stock for

Fall and Winter

SALES.

These goods are in every particular equal to any custom made garments, and at much lower prices, and

Superior in Quality.

Superior in Workmanship.

Superior in Trimmings.

Superior in Linings.

Superior in Fit,

To any other Ready Made Clothing sold in Centre county, and at equally low prices to any other.

5000 Pairs

—OF—

Men's, Boys,' Ladies,' Misses' and Children's

SHOES

of the most celebrated makes, of acknowledged superiority in quality and workmanship.

Prices Always the Lowest.

S. & A. LOEB

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

Sechler & Co.

New Goods!

—o—

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the **only** complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving Fresh, New Goods for the

FALL SEASON

—OF—

1884.

—o—

Stock Complete!

Nothing Wanting!

—o—

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS.—In Sugars and Syrups we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar now sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—No breakfast can be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

—o—

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our **No. 1** *goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.*

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

15-44tf

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

An Assault on Grover Cleveland.

ALBANY, Oct. 20.—Governor Cleveland was assaulted in front of the medical college this morning by Samuel Boone, of Chemung county, who was ejected from the executive chamber last week for creating a disturbance while seeking a pardon. The governor warded off the blow which was aimed at him by Boone, and the latter then ran for a stone, but was arrested before he could do further damage. Boone's brother-in-law is serving a term in the penitentiary, and the assault was the result of Governor Cleveland's refusal to pardon him. Boone's wife is the woman who a few days ago created a sensation in the executive chamber when she, with her husband, called to obtain her brother's pardon. On this occasion the woman threw her arms around the governor's neck, and when he shook her off behaved in such an unseemly manner as to compel the governor to ask his attendants to remove her.

Boone lay in wait for the governor at the corner of Lancaster and Eagle streets, and as he approached addressed him, following at once with two blows, which were warded off by the governor. Boone then rushed into the street and reached for a paving stone. As he was picking it up he was seized by a passer-by and held, the governor quietly passing on. A large crowd at once collected, and in the confusion Boone escaped and entered his boarding house, near the scene of the assault, where he was followed and arrested by Officer Keefe. He was taken before Police Justice Gutman, who remanded him for examination on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The governor was visited by scores of people during the morning. He makes light of the affair. Boone, who is a small, delicate man, looks wild but talks rationally. He admits the assault was unjustifiable, but asserts that his wife is dying in Albany and that her illness was greatly aggravated by fretting about a pardon, which she sought from the governor for her brother some days since. Boone says he has had no sleep for upwards of a week in consequence of her illness, and the attending physician this morning assured him that his wife would not recover.

Gov. Curtin in Renovo.

RENOVO, Pa., Oct. 21.—The independent meeting held in this place to-night by the friends of ex-Governor Curtin was largely attended. The ex-governor was escorted to Association hall by a number of prominent business men of both political parties, including R. M. Messimer, ex-president of the Blaine and Logan club; H. C. Stoner, republican candidate for the legislature; Colonel L. A. Mackey, ex-congressman from this district; W. C Holahan, a republican attorney at this place, and Patrick Kane, a prominent railroad contractor.

The ex-governor made a speech of nearly an hour's length in which he reviewed the causes which led to his becoming an independent candidate for congress. He said it was his desire to withdraw from the contest but his many friends throughout the district said no, and at his home in Bellefonte they again insisted upon him coming before the people. He had yielded to their urgent desires and expected the people would sustain him. He reviewed his course in congress. He had opposed the robbery of the people by the corporations of this country and attributed his defeat in the conference greatly to his efforts in that direction. He had opposed the Morrison free trade bill because it struck at the interests of the laboring men of Pennsylvania. He opposed the Chinese bill for a similar reason, but he said he was not in favor of a high tariff for protection. "We should have a tariff changed to suit the condition of things as they now exist."

The ex governor was followed by short addresses from Mr. Mackey and W. C. Holahan in which they appealed to the people to support the independent candidacy of Mr. Curtin in this contest.

More Talk about Fusion.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 21.—The bold demand of the Butlerites for equal representation on the electoral ticket in the event of a fusion cooled Mr. Hensel's ardor for a time, but since the Democratic defeat in Ohio his desire to do something has revived. A feeler was put forth a few days ago. Mr. Armstrong, after consulting with his friends, gave Mr. Hensel to understand that he was willing to do anything in his power to further the cause of labor and its advocate, Gen. Butler. Negotiations ensued and an agreement was partially concluded last evening. This agreement, it is understood, is that an Eastern Democrat and a Butlerite from the interior of the state shall resign from the electoral ticket. Mr. Armstrong, while remaining on the Butler ticket, will fill the vacancy on that of the Democrats. A Democrat will take the place of the Butlerite who resigns. The names of the parties, provided the deal can be carried out, will not be made public for a day or two.

The trade, which will really be the first step in the direction of a general fusion, is said to be entirely independent of any arrangement which may be made by the fusion committees of the two parties when they meet.

Carthage, N. Y., in Ruins.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The most destructive fire that has ever visited Northern New York, broke out in Carthage at 11 o'clock this morning and burned all afternoon. The fire started from ashes thrown from Revell's tannery which set fire to Eaton's planing mills, and spread rapidly to Ross' furniture factory and Farrer's tobacco factory, and crossed the river to East Carthage, catching in Guyot's planing mill, and totally destroyed the factories and buildings on Pyther and Pringle's island.

The flames then spread to all the houses on Spring street, Mechanics street and Church street, burning the new opera house, Peck's hotel, the Disciple's church and academy. On Main street the Episcopal and Presbyterian churches and many residences were burned. School street, Upper James street, Clinton street and the east side of Main street are all in ruins. The flames spread so rapidly that the firemen could not keep up with them.

This evening the fire seemed to be nearly under control, and it was hoped that the business portion of the village would be saved. It is estimated that 200 houses were destroyed, and that the loss will reach $1,000,000. There are not enough dwellings left to shelter the inhabitants. Carthage was extensively engaged in manufacturing, and its industries are ruined.

Denounced from the Pulpit.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 19.—Dr. J. O. Peck, formerly of Brooklyn, and whose name was conspicuously mentioned in the recent election of new bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, New Haven, in a sermon this evening addressed to young men, publicly announced his position and political views. "I am not a politician," he said, "but I feel it my duty as a pastor to make clear my opinions about the presidential contest. I don't want to enter into politics, and don't want to expound them from the pulpit, but I do take a pastoral interest enough to state of that candidate who aspires to the presidency, and who has during his life transgressed moral and human law in the exercise of his passions, that I do not consider him in any sense proper to receive the position of President.

"The mere praise of that man enters our homes and encourages our children to think mildly of infamous ungodliness. I want to protest most strongly against it. Don't pass it over and say he was only sowing his wild oats. It implies none of the honor of youthful excesses so termed. It is dangerous philosophy, it is a slur upon God to encourage such wickedness."

Divided About a Barbecue

ALTOONA, Oct. 21.—The Tammany Democratic Club, of this city, has been for several weeks discussing the propriety of holding a grand barbecue and ox-roast and were only awaiting the official returns from Ohio to announce it. On Saturday last a call was issued by the Tammany Club for a special meeting, to be held Monday evening last, to consider the holding of a barbecue on November 1. Some members of the Young Men's Club got wind of it, and, in order to forestall the Tammanyites, held a secret meeting Saturday evening and decided on holding a barbecue on Saturday, October 25, one week earlier than the contemplated Tammany barbecue. The Tammany declined an invitation to turn out on October 25, believing the time too short to make a success of it, and appointed a committee to wait on the Young Men's Club to induce them to postpone the celebration one week later which the Young Men's Club refused to do, so that the indications are now that the young men will have to eat their ox without the assistance of Tammany.

Gen. Logan in Illinois.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 22.—General Logan arrived here at 3 o'clock this afternoon. An attempt was made to wreck his train near Knoxville, while rounding a curve, and when the train was running at the rate of forty miles an hour. The engineer noticed an obstruction on the track. He put on the brakes but did not succeed in stopping until the engine had passed over two of the four ties which had been laid across the rails. On the arrival of the train here several clubs assembled and escorted General Logan to a hotel. After dinner the General, although very hoarse, made a speech at the wigwam. He reviewed the tariff question at length and replying to the charge made by Thomas A. Hendricks that the republican party had been robbing the country by piling up a surplus in the treasury, he said that if they had piled it up it was because they had money to pile, while if the democrats had not done so it was because they had not the money.

Mother Hubbard.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—An order has been issued from the Harrison Street Police Station to all females in that district not to wear Mother Hubbard dresses in the street. All found violating the order will hereafter be arrested. Mamie Allen, the first victim, was fined $10 to-day by Justice Foote for appearing on the street in one of the obnoxious garments. Mamie is a cream-colored girl, and her dress was of white flannel, trimmed with black lace.

Arrested after Ten Years.

PORTLAND, Or., Oct. 19.—General Samuel Lappin, ex-state treasurer of Kansas, was arrested at Albany, Ore. Friday. He was traveling as a book agent. In 1874 he was charged with forging $19,000 of school bonds, arrested and jailed at Topeka, escaped and fled to South America.

Burned in Molten Coke.

TUNNELTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 21.—The most horrible accident ever known in this section of the country occurred one mile East of this place last night at Thomas' coke ovens. But six ovens are burning, and three men and a boy do the work. Just after dark the three men pushed a car of coal along the tramway above the ovens. As they passed the fourth oven the boy called their attention to a crack in its top. They stopped to examine it, when the whole caved in, carrying with it the men.

Then came a stifled cry and they were lost to sight in the mass of white hot coke. The gases, it is thought, must have stifled them instantly. Aid was summoned, but it was fully an hour before the oven could be emptied, and then not a trace of the men could be found except some lumps of melted metal, evidently from buttons; a few silver coins and some tools the men had about them.

Refuse to Fuse.

YOUNGSTOWN, Oct. 19.—Col. H. T. Foster of this city, for several years a prominent Greenbacker, and who was a candidate for Governor last year on the Greenback ticket, to-day received a letter from the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee at Columbus, and a similar one from the Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Cuyahoga County, asking him upon what terms the Greenbackers would unite with the Democracy of the State. Col. Foster to-night replied to both, saying that on no terms would the Greenbackers fuse with the Democrats in Ohio, as they proposed to support their own ticket. Republicans here regard this scheme as indicating plainly, that the Democracy have no hope of carrying the State in November.

West Virginia Legislature.

WHEELING, Oct. 19.—There is nothing new in the situation except fuller returns on the legislature. The senate last year stood 17 democrats to 9 republicans; this year it will be a tie. The house last year stood 45 democrats to 21 republicans; this year it will stand 31 republicans to 35 democrats. The democrats composing the Tenth district are entitled to five representatives and one senator. At the last election the district returned one democratic senator and four democratic representatives; this year it returns one republican senator and four republican representatives.

A Village Wiped Out.

QUEBEC, October 21.—All the houses in the village of Cherrydorme were destroyed by fire last night, and twenty families are rendered homeless. Some persons were clearing brush land and the flames spread to the village. The people at first sought shelter in the woods, but were soon surrounded by fire and obliged to flee to the sea coast. All the fishing boats were destroyed and the people are utterly destitute.

The New York Democracy.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—At a convention of the county democracy this afternoon a full county ticket was nominated headed by William K. Grace for mayor. It is rumored that Hugh J. Grant, the Tammany nominee for mayor, will withdraw in favor of Mayor Edson. The Irving Hall county convention to-night endorsed the county democracy's ticket. The republican county convention adjourned without making any nominations.

Another Colossal Defaulter.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20.—A. W. Bowman has misappropriated a large amount of other people's money. The Bank of California will, it is stated, lose $25,000 by the failure. The Oakland Saving Bank is credited for $45,000, but says it is fully secured. Henry L. Breed, of Boston, had $250,000 entrusted to Bowman, but the amount of his loss is not known. Several of the heaviest losers are persons traveling in Europe.

Boiler Explosion.

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—A St. Paul special says: The boiler for the threshing machine on Leech & Nichols' farm, near Beltrama, exploded to-day, instantly killing Thomas Evender, the engineer; John Smith, John Lingwood, Chris. Swansen, and John Johnson, farm hands, and William Pierce, aged 11 years. An unknown man was badly scalded. The engineer was just recovering from a debauch.

A Cyclone.

COLDWATER, Mich., Oct. 22.—A cyclone struck this place last evening, accompanied by rain. The roof of a business block was torn off, plate glass fronts blown in, and signs were carried the entire length of the main street. Telegraph lines were blown down and much excitement prevailed. Much damage was done in the city and county.

A Fiery Red Comet.

NASHVILLE, October 22.—This city was considerably excited last evening by the appearance of a comet-like body in the northern heavens. To the eye it was about two feet long and fiery red. It remained visible from 5:30 until 6.10, when it suddenly disappeared. Red sunsets have been attracting attention in this region for some time past.

A Stable Collapses.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 22.—An unused stable on Eleventh street collapsed to-day, burying three boys in the ruins. Michael Sullivan, aged 12, was instantly killed, and his two companions severely injured. The boys were stealing boards for firewood, and had previously been driven away.

When a boy of eighteen runs away with a girl of the same age the proceeding may be called a verdant slope.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. may18 1y

An Independent.

"I am authorized by the Central Committee," said the man with a hungry look in his eye, "to solicit subscriptions for the campaign fund, and any little sum you might feel inclined to——"

"Yes, I know," said the citizen, "but for which party are you soliciting? You see I——"

"Don't make a particle of difference," replied the hungry man, with kindling enthusiasm. "I vote the straight ticket myself, but I am broad as the ocean in my views. Any party you want to subscribe for, it makes no difference to me. I apply your subscription just as you designate. Give the old cause a lift, can't you?"

He did—he lifted him clear across the sidewalk.—*Hawkeye.*

A New Departure.

One good result of the hard times a few years ago, was the bringing into life an article in proprietary medicine, which gave to every purchaser a full equivalent for his money. The rule of this class of medicines is from 10 to 25 doses for $1, the best only reaching 40. Messrs. Hood & Co. took a new departure and in the article now so well and favorably known as Hood's Sarsaparilla, they gave the unprecedented quantity of 100 doses for $1. These facts commend this remedy to the consideration of the sick, also the well, for they are liable to be sick.

"You may not believe me, gentlemen," said a weather beaten tramp, approaching a crowd of brokers near the Stock Exchange, "but I lost a round sum on Wall Street not so many years ago." The hat was passed around and the tramp put away $1.75 in quarters. "How much was this round sum of money that you lost?" was asked. "It was a penny. I dropped it down a coal-hole."

Time to Stop It.

It's too bad, Sir or Madam, but don't get frightened. Your hair is falling off—that's certain. A glance in the mirror, or an investigating committee of fingers tell the dismal story. We won't discuss the possible cause. It is enough to know that Parker's Hair Balsam used now will prevent further destruction. Is your hair somewhat gray, too, and crisp? Alas, yes. The Balsam will give back the original color, softness and gloss. Not a dye, not oily elegantly perfumed, a perfect dressing

"Are there any jurymen who have a prejudice against you?" whispered the young lawyer.

"No, boss, de jury am all right, but I wants you to challenge the jedge. I has been 'victed twice before under him, and maybe he is 'ginning to hab a prejudice against me."

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching; very distressing, particularly at night; seems as if pinworms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected. If allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also, for tetter, Itch, salt-rheum, scald-head, erysipelas, barbers' itch, blotches, all scaly, crusty skin diseases. Box, by mail, 50 cts.; 3 for $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa. Sold by druggists. may6 1y

The Silent Stars.

From the Detroit Post.

"How silent the stars are to-night, George," she said, softly, gazing at them over his shoulder.

"Y-yes," he replied, "but do you think they are more silent than usual?"

The Rev. Wm. Stout, Wiarton, Ont., states: After being ineffectually treated by seventeen different doctors for Scrofula and blood disease, I was cured by Burdock Blood Bitters. Write him for proof.

A Duluth doctor hit a man with a club in a quarrel and then charged him $2 for fixing up a scalp wound. The other fellow can't see where his share of the fun came in.

☞ Any person wanting permanent employment, at good salary, should not overlook the advertisement of P. N. Nicholas & Co.

When a young lady begins to remark, "He is not such a fool as he looks," it is a sign that there will be a wedding soon.

When you want a medicine for internal and external use ask your druggist for Joseph's Oil. Take no other. Only 25 cents. For sale by John Harris.

You can secure strength and sleep by using Shedd's Little Mandrake Pills. For sale by John Harris.

LADIES' MEDICAL ADVISOR.—A complete Medical Work for Women, handsomely bound in cloth and illustrated; postpaid for 10 two-cent stamps. Tells how to prevent and cure all diseases of the sex by a treatment at home. Worth its weight in gold to every lady suffering from any of these diseases. Over 10,000 sold already. Address NUNDA PUBLISHING Co., Nunda, N. Y. 16 30 3m

Mrs. Hunter (glancing along the row of clerks behind the shop counter.) "I do not think I see the gentleman here who waited on me yesterday." Enfant Terrible.—"Why, mamma, you are talking to the very one. Don't you remember you said you'd know him anywhere by those ears?"

For Burns, Scalds, Bruises, and all pain and soreness of the flesh, the grand household remedy is Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Be sure you get the genuine.

All men are created free and equal. It is only after their creation that the fun begins.

The easiest means to cure a Cough or cold is by using Shedd's Excelsior Cough Syrup. Only 25 cts. For sale by John Harris.

"Oh, I do so dote on the sea," she gurgled. "If you only had a yacht, Augustus, dear!" "I have no yacht, Wilhelmina," he said, "but I can give you a little smack." And then it sounded as if a cork had flown out of a bottle.

Miscellaneous.

SPEER'S

PORTUGAL GRAPE WINE,

ALSO

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE,

Used in the Principal Churches for Communion.

Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the Aged.

ADOPTED IN HOSPITALS AS THE BEST.

Speer's Port Grape Wine

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice.

It is the juice of the Oporto Grapes, preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

Speer's Burgundy.

Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine, used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

Speer's (Sociaite) Claret.

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry.

Is a Wine of superior character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's P. J. Brandy.

IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

Sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

16 29 1y

CATARRH

Tell the World.

I desire to tell the world my experience with Ely's Cream Balm—having suffered from a very offensive catarrh I tried powders and injections but to no avail—but after applying Cream Balm a few times it removed everything, and the remedy is so simple. Very resp'y, Geo. Adams, 1450 Juniata street, Phila., Pa.

Ely's Cream Balm is worth its weight in gold as a cure for catarrh. One bottle cured me.—S. A. Lovell, Franklin, Pa.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Ely's Cream Balm Causes no pain Gives Relief at once. A Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a liquid. Not a Snuff. Apply to nostrils.

Price, 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts. by mail, registered. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

16 32 4t

McMILLEN'S

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,

ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA

Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15-6tf

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table May 12, 1884.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M	Mail P.M
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 43
Curtin	5 22	4 48
Milesburg	5 30	4 55
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda	6 29	5 56
Hannah	6 37	6 03
Fowler	6 39	6 05
Dix	6 42	6 09
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 35

EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 10
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 40	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 25
Dix	7 51	8 30
Fowler	7 54	8 35
Hannah	7 57	8 40
Port Matilda	8 05	8 50
Martha	8 13	9 00
Julian	8 23	9 12
Unionville	8 33	9 24
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 32
Milesburg	8 45	9 35
Bellefonte	8 55	9 45
Milesburg	9 05	10 00
Curtin	9 15	10 09
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 14
Howard	9 26	10 24
Eagleville	9 36	10 36
Beech Creek	9 40	10 41
Mill Hall	9 52	10 57
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 05

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 14, 1883.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.13 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.20 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.15 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.54 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.38 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.10 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe 10.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, May 12, 1884.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	1 00	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 15	5 46
Hostler	1 28	5 50
Marengo	1 35	5 55
Loverville f	1 38	6 00
Furnace Road	1 45	6 10
Warriors Mark	2 00	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58

EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Furnace Road	5 20	10 12
Loveville	5 26	10 16
Marengo	5 30	10 22
Hostler	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, May 11, 1884:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg		3 20 a m
" " Williamsport		7 00 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 57 a m
" " Lock Haven		8 25 a m
" " Renovo		9 50 a m
" arr at Erie		6 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 15 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 55 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 55 p m
" " Renovo		5 05 p m
" " Kane		9 05 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 10 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 25 p m
" " Williamsport		7 10 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 05 p m

EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven		7 00 a m
" " " Jer's're		7 29 a m
" " " W'msp't		8 10 a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g		11 30 a m
" " " Phila'phia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 00 a m
" " Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 35 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 47 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 25 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		1 55 p m
" " Renovo		10 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		11 45 p m
" " Williamsport		1 00 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 20 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 50 a m
WMPT ACN leaves Williamsport		6 37 p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g		10 25 p m
" " Philadelphia		3 05 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

Miscellaneous.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Winter Term Begins Sept. 10, 1884.

EXAMINATIONS FOR ADMISSION, SEPT. 9.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. **A Full Classical Course of four years.**
2. **A Latin Scientific course.**
3. **The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course:** (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. **A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture**
5. **A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.**
6. **A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.**
7. **A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.**
8. **A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.**
9. **Special Courses** are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President,*

14-28-4f *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth D. Miller, deceased, late of the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to E. M. BLANCHARD, Executor.

16 38 6t

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Eggs are scarce.

—It requires superlative nerve to wear a straw hat.

—Curtin street now has the best boardwalks in Bellefonte.

—The chicken thief is getting in his work in Mifflin county.

—The curb market is still in operation and is well patronized.

—Miss Berta Barr, of Curwensville, is visiting friends in this vicinity.

—Lilacs were blooming last week in Yeagertown, Mifflin county, gardens.

—Frederick Filbert, the oldest Free Mason in Somerset county, died last week at the age of 82.

—Nothing of importance was done at the regular meeting of the borough council on Monday night, the 20th.

—John P. Dwyer is now sole proprietor of the Renovo *Evening News*, James Reilley having retired.

—Our popular Democratic friend, Mr. Jonathan Harper, has, we regret to state, been quite ill for the past ten days, but is recovering slowly.

—Elmer Passmore, the young man who was run over by the cars at Osceola, on Friday, October 27, died the next day. His injuries were internal

—A Perry county apple tree has distinguished itself by bearing a second crop this year. At last accounts the new apples were the size of peas.

—One of the delightful occasions of the season was the birthday party on Monday evening, the 20th, at the home of Mrs. Blanche Jones in Milesburg.

—The one hundredth anniversary of the founding of the city of Harrisburg is to be celebrated in September of next year, beginning on Sunday, the 13th.

—The Philadelphia Alumni Association of Washington and Jefferson College held its first annual reunion recently, Gen. Beaver being one of the speakers.

—The autumnal sunsets of the present season vie in loveliness with those of last year. Although spectacles of undoubted beauty, they probably will not last forever,

—The Democrats of Bellefonte, having failed in securing Gen. George B. McClellan, of New Jersey, to speak for them, are now in a condition of doubt as to the advisability of making a demonstration of any kind.

—From the L. H. *Express* of Oct. 20: "Mr. Stephen Summers went to Snow Shoe this morning to build a large boarding house to accommodate employes on the new mill being erected by Messrs. Weymouth, Byers & Co."

—A new pavement has been laid around the Court House, which is a vast improvement on the old one, and will enable the Republican voters to walk to their respective polling places with much greater facility than has heretofore been the case.

—Theodore P. Rynder, Greenback candidate for Congress in this district, informs us that he has received a communication from an official source, apprising him of the fact that the labor organizations of Clearfield and Centre counties will work and vote for him to the extent of their abilities.

—We are informed that the man named Butler, of Milesburg, who endeavored to kill himself some time ago in consequence of disappointment in a love affair, has disappeared. He has recently been living with a Mr. Teller, at Milesburg. Several days ago he took a gun and went into the mountains, ostensibly to hunt. Since then he has not been seen and his friends are concerned for him. Search parties have gone out to look for him.

—We learn from the Harrisburg *Patriot*, of Wednesday, of the death of Alfred Armstrong, which occurred at Washington, D. C., where Mr. Armstrong was a clerk in the post office department. Mr. Armstrong will be remembered by many of the older citizens as at one time an instructor in the Bellefonte Academy. He was a gentleman of culture and refinement. He was upwards of eighty years of age. The funeral services took place on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

—Our Democratic friends were considerably exercised Tuesday morning of last week about the reported *assassination* of their Presidential candidate, Mr. Cleveland. All kinds of rumors were afloat and there was some apprehension among members of both political parties that politics had something to do with it. The telegraph dispatch found elsewhere in the News shows that it was merely one of the unpleasant occurrences incident to the experience of one who occupies such an important position as that of Governor of the greatest State in the Union, and that the poor crank and his dying wife are the only parties who are injured.

The Milroy Church Dissensions.

To the Editor of the Daily News. Sir: Since you have opened your columns to both sides of this controversy, will you permit me space to say a word in condemnation of the spirit which seeks to keep alive this disreputable schism and thus extend it into other communities.

The schism in the Milroy Presbyterian church arose from the discovery by the Rev. Mr. White, the licensed pastor of that church, that he could no longer preach the doctrines of the church from which he held his credentials as preacher. This was fortunate or unfortunate as each for himself may determine and had Mr. White, at this discovery, honorably said to his church authorities—here take back my commission and allow me to go out from among you, I cannot hold this commission and preach doctrines that you have not licensed me to teach—his course would have been approved of by all men. But he did not; he remained in possession of the congregation, founded and built up by others, proselyting his hearers and proclaiming from year to year his own dogmas of religion, or perhaps I should say proclaiming a religion by which every one going with him could by easier process get to Heaven than through the old, hard-headed, Calvinistic doctrine of the Presbyterian church. The easier process, in course of time, was accepted and espoused by a majority of his congregation, each and all having a full right to hold and believe what doctrines they saw fit, their mistake arising when they did not voluntarily, quietly and without strife, withdraw. Since the world is so credulous the feat of conversion had no material or special merit in itself; it has often in the past been accomplished, and under much more difficult circumstances and surroundings and by even ignorant and illiterate men, the most notable among recent conversions, from former religious beliefs, being that accomplished by the Madhi in Egypt.

It is true Mr. White was not at all times happy in his own course of action, for he from time to time appealed to his elders, and members of his congregation, as to whether he ought not to withdraw from his pulpit holding the doctrines he did. Why was it necessary that upon a question of high personal and religious honor, he stood in need of advice from any one? He was advised to remain through considerations many other than those relating to himself personally or to his doctrines. His doctrines were not new; they had been proclaimed and advocated by men of eminence long before he was born; they had been rejected by the authorities of the Presbyterian church in the varying forms in which they had been presented; they had been caught up, reshaped and regnilded by many ambitious and conceited Divines, seeking notoriety, and presented in districts, quite as rural as his own, long years ago.

Complaint was made to the Presbytery of the Presbyterian church that the doctrines taught by Mr. White were at variance with those held by the church. He was called before that body, tried and convicted, but before judgment was pronounced he asked and obtained leave to withdraw from the Presbyterian church.

And all supposed this an end; but Mr. White, or some one for him, comes before his own community, and this, as an engenderer of strife. He appeals to the public on a question of ownership of the property that he and his followers left behind, vaguely admitting that they have no legal claim to it. Decisions are numerous on this very point, and all against his claims, the most notable being that of our highest court when the division of the Society of Friends took place, where the court held that the property—and valuable it is—belonged to that branch which remained in correspondence with the orthodox Friends in London, England, or with the London yearly meeting.

Since Mr. White has seen fit to thrust his grievances upon other communities, than where he resides, for judgment, I have felt called upon to say so much of the appearance his case presents to others.

A great responsibility rests with those public teachers who break up family, religious and social ties of harmonious communities; they are as reprehensible and more responsible than many amenable to law for their offenses. At Milroy families, relatives and friends are estranged. The elements of social life are discordant, almost belligerent, and strangers would rather pass by than encounter their dissensions, kept alive and embittered by constant newspaper appeals. Love, peace and good will have ceased to engross the attention of these doctrinaires, and for the second time that community has been divided into factions, suffered the disgrace of being ruptured by professed teachers of religion who seem to forget that "they bring religion's self into disfavor" no less than that when they become the disturbers of society they force the whole subject, however reluctantly, upon the consideration of even

A LAYMAN.

BELLEFONTE, Oct. 20, 1884.

Lines from Loveville.

LOVEVILLE, Oct. 18, 1884.

Chilly weather this.

Hurrah for the result in Ohio!

'Tis time for our school rooms to be newly furnished.

Mr. Jedekiah Brown, mail carrier, performs his duty most faithfully.

The public schools in this township will open on Monday, the 27th inst.

Sweet potatoes are now exposed for sale, for the first time in the Loveville markets.

A gravel walk has been laid across Main street in front of Rhoad's store.

What has become of "Cob?" Wonder if he is in the wilderness eating wild bees and honey.

Sportsmen, be on the lookout. Bears have recently been seen in this immediate vicinity.

Prof. T. C. Houts, of Rock Spring, has accepted an engagement to teach in one of the Tyrone schools.

Mr. J. Wilson Ebbs has been sojourning in this vicinity for a few weeks past nursing a sore arm.

The feminine sex are engaged in what is to the sterner sex a most terrible ordeal, viz: house cleaning.

Oh, my! how contagious that fever! The Blaine and Logan one we mean. 'Tis dangerous only to Democrats.

The Loveville flag again floats proudly to the breeze with the inscription "Blaine and Logan" attached to it.

Mr. William Cole has the sign "Blaine and Logan" nailed conspicuously over his shop door. "'Tis Republican headquarters," says he.

The noisy din of the steam thresher is now heard and we would like to have some of the farmers hand in their best reports.

We hear of a couple of weddings to take place in the near future, but as yet we guess they are *sub rosa* affairs so must be mum for the present.

Mr. Jeremiah Ebbs, of Brisbin, Clearfield county, has been tarrying here for the past few days, being summoned to the bedside of his aged mother whose life is despaired of.

Little Minnie, daughter of Mr. Samuel Gensimer, aged about ten years, while playing with a pitchfork one day last week, accidentally ran one of the prongs entirely through her foot.

It is rumored that in the throw of a fall at the Juniata Mines a few days ago, one Mr. David Harpster was unfortunately in the way and was struck by it, breaking his one limb in four places, and otherwise seriously injuring him.

WEB.

Gatesburg Gossip which Relates two Accidents.

GATESBURG, Oct. 17, 1884.

MR. EDITOR: The farmers are cribbing their corn as rapidly as possible.

The pulpit of the Ross M. E. church was acceptably filled on Sunday, Oct. 12, by Rev. Eliot, of Pine Grove charge.

While working in the mines of the Juniata Mining Company, David Harpster, an old gentleman, was caught by a fall of clay and ore. He was quite seriously hurt, one of his legs being broken both below and above the knee. His face was frightfully cut. Dr. Biglow, of Stormstown, and Dr. Woods, of Pine Grove Mills, are the attending physicians.

Blair Gates was brought home from the stone quarry at Tyrone, the other day, with his foot badly mashed. The injury was caused by a large stone falling on it.

Both of the afflicted persons mentioned above are residents of this place. David Harpster is in the most dangerous condition, but may recover. Blair Gates has already begun to improve.

CATO.

—The residence of Mrs. John P Harris was the scene on Tuesday evening, Oct. 21, of a temperance social, about forty ladies being present. A report of the proceedings of the State Convention of the W. C. T U., held in Harrisburg the previous week, was given by Mrs. Harris, the President of the Bellefonte Union. Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Williams and Mrs. Magee had been present at the convention and as a result of their combined efforts the report was very interesting and comprehensive. The ladies were entertained with delightful and very choice music rendered by Mrs. Magee and Miss Hughes. Elegant refreshments were served and the hours passed very agreeably and all too quickly for those who were so fortunate as to be present. Mrs. Harris' rare powers of entertaining never appeared to better advantage and as a result of the gathering the ladies were infused with a still more earnest ardor for the great cause in the interest of which the social was held.

A "Voter" Speaks to Voters.

HOWARD, CENTRE CO., PA., Oct. 20, '84.

MR. EDITOR: In the DAILY NEWS of October 13, we notice a letter from Mr. Woodward from Howard in which he denies favoring a law requiring stock of all kind to be kept in enclosures. We have known Mr. Woodward for a number of years and have often heard him express his views freely on different subjects, and we are convinced that John A. Woodward would not dare stand up in public and say those statements were not true.

The people about Howard have heard him too often on the *Herd Law* to swallow all that. We will give you a few facts on this subject which we are able to substantiate whenever called upon. We can find Democrats who are ready at any time to go before a J. P. and state that he, Mr. Woodward, said he would like to be sent to the legislature for ten years, and all that time he would fight for the *Herd Law*. Again, we can find Democrats who heard him say that a man who is not able to pay for cow pasture ought not keep a cow. One more fact in regard to keeping stock in enclosures will be explained by giving a transaction which occurred a few years ago: An old resident of Howard township, who had lived in this vicinity for eighty years, had the misfortune to have a bull of his break out of his own field and finding his way to Mr. Woodward's farm, at the same time being on the public highway, the bull was taken charge of by Mr. W., advertised, sold and the proceeds made use of without giving notice to the owner of the animal. We infer, from this that John A. Woodward is in favor of such a law or he was short of funds. He may not be in favor of a Herd Law in Penns Valley, but we know he is in favor of this law in Bald Eagle Valley. These are facts he dare not deny. We cannot conceive how he can have the audacity to say they are untrue. Voters of Centre county, if you want a law enacted to have all your stock kept in your own enclosures or pay some one to herd them, vote for John A. Woodward. If you want your children to have an education limited to reading, writing and arithmetic, vote for John A. Woodward. Think of these things before you vote.

VOTER.

Mr. Rynder Speaks.

MILESBURG, Pa., Oct. 21st, 1884.

EDITOR DAILY NEWS: The rumor has just reached me that Gov. Curtin has offered me money to withdraw from the contest for Congress.

In justice to Gov. Curtin, I desire to say that he has not offered me money or other thing to withdraw, nor to run, nor do I think he would do so.

I entered this contest as the representative of the protective tariff and sufficient money principles, and I shall stay in it until the polls close whether I get one, one thousand or enough votes to elect me. I am in to stay.

I have made no pledges to any one, but I voluntarily make this to the public, viz: That I will not vote, if elected, for a free trader for Speaker of the House of Representatives, as Gov. Curtin did, and doubtless would again, or as Mr. Hall would if Mr. Carlisle should be the caucus nominee of his party. Believing the Speaker of the House sets the current of industrial legislation, I should fight free trade in the root rather than try to lop off a dead branch.

Respectfully,

T. P. RYNDER.

Howard Humor.

OCT. 18, 1884.

The chestnut crop on our mountains is not very encouraging to the hunter of that article.

Corn-husking has been carried on pretty briskly the past week.

Putting up the stove is the order of the day. The man will please obey the order given by his better half.

The building occupied by Schenck Bros' store is receiving a new coat of paint.

Mr. Geo: Bartholomew bought the residence owned and occupied by Mr. Dunham, and has moved into it.

A pool table next door to Schencks' store. Something for loafers.

Mr. Abe Lipton's new house will soon be completed.

Mr. Lot Gross has lost three children by death in a very short time. Diphtheria was the disease which terminated so fatally.

MAC.

—The population of Curtin street was about doubled last week by the arrival of another young son at Mr. James McClain's home. Some of the enthusiastic Democratic friends of the happy father are congratulating themselves at the prospect of an increase in the Democratic vote of the North ward, but they apparently forget that the young man will be apt to change his present political opinions before 21 years pass into history.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH, our new book, tells how *any* woman may become a mother *without suffering any pain whatever*. Also how to treat and overcome morning sickness, swelled limbs and other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians as the wife's true private companion. Send two-cent stamp for descriptive circulars and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Md. 16 40 3m

—The gas pipes should be extended further east along Curtin street so that the thoroughfare can be lighted its entire length. If the Gas Company will not extend their pipes that far electric light will do just as well. As it is now, the eastern extremity of that street is in Egyptian darkness.

The Dead Line.

Is well remembered by the veterans of our "late war," but Speer's wine has achieved a wide reputation from its efficacy in the sick room, being one of the most pleasing and comforting beverages that can be given an invalid and at the same time is the most powerful strength restorer. For sale everywhere.

—Autumn leaves, like the vanishing expectations of the Democrats, lie beneath our feet and are contemptuously kicked and trodden upon by every passer by.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. 16 27 1y

—The machine shops and foundry lately destroyed by fire at Osceola are to be rebuilt as soon as possible.

"100 Doses One Dollar" is true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it is an unanswerable argument as to strength and economy.

—The funeral services held over the remains of the late Mr. Wendelin Werstein, on Monday morning, the 20th, were largely attended and extremely solemn and impressive.

Miscellaneous.

WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER

Are you failing, try WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER, a pure, clean, wholesome

TONIC,

For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs. An Unequaled Invigorant. Cures

DYSPEPSIA,

Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills,

DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

Nice to take, true merit, unequaled for TORPID LIVER and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria, Leanness, Sexual Decline. $1.00 per bot., 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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Kidney and Urinary Cure

Buchu-Paiba

Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fleur," each $1.

For SYPHILIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, $1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilitic Pills, $2.00; and Chapin's Syphilitic Salve, $1.00. 6 bottles Syrup, 2 of Pills, 1 Salve, by Express on receipt of $10.00, or at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

8% NET

So Investor ever had to pay taxes, costs of foreclosure, wait for interest, or take a second mortgage. BEST of References. If you have money to loan. Address D. S. B. JOHNSTON & SON, Negotiators of Mortgage Loans, Mention this paper. ST. PAUL, MINN. 16-25 1y

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 3-1y

ESTATE OF JOHN P. DEHAAS, deceased. Letters of administration on the estate of John P. DeHaas, late of Curtin township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Clement Dale, of Bellefonte, in said county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

CLEMENT DALE, Administrator.

16 37 6t

ESTATE OF JACOB SMITH, DECEASED.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Smith, late of Potter township, Centre county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted to C. Dale, Jr., of Benner township, (Bellefonte, P. O.) to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

C. DALE, Jr., Administrator.

16 38 6t

A Card to the Public.

Miss Emma Snyder has just returned from Philadelphia after two weeks' absence. During part of her stay in the city she was under instructions in T. S. Custer's trimming department, after which she purchased a fine selection of Millinery Goods, and she invites the people of Bellefonte and Centre county to call and examine goods and work. Her store is on Bishop street, opposite Coader's bakery.

16 38 3m

Miscellaneous.

Notice to Take Testimony.

MIDA M. BENNETT, by her next friend, A. S. PRICE, vs. R. M. BENNETT. | In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County. No. 284, April term, 1884.

SUBPŒNA IN DIVORCE.

The undersigned, a commissioner appointed by said court to take testimony in the above stated case, will meet the parties in interest for the purpose of his appointment at his office in the village of Port Matilda, Centre county, on Saturday, November 8, 1884, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day.

H. H. OSMAN, Commissioner.

16 41 3t

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16-21f

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA,

For 30 years have been engaged in t etreatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 10-6-81y*

A. V. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)

GROCER,

61 High Street,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

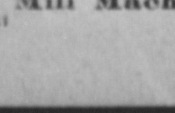
16 13tf

HARRISBURG EYE and EAR HOSPITAL and INFIRMARY,

25 N. Third St., HARRISBURG, PA.

Near Grand Opera House.

H. L. STICKEL, M. D.,

Oculist.  Aurist.

The HARRISBURG EYE and EAR HOSPITAL and INFIRMARY is located in the City of Harrisburg, directly in the heart of the city, and on the greatest thoroughfare. It contains an elegant suit of offices, one dark room for ophthalmoscopic examinations, and three wards with an abundance of comfortable woven wire spring beds, and private rooms for the accommodation of patients who may be compelled to remain for treatment, and is under the charge of Dr. H. L. STICKEL, who is a matriculate of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, graduate of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, late Surgeon to the Harrisburg Hospital, late Surgeon of the Travelers' Accident Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn., now Surgeon and Oculist to the HARRISBURG EYE and EAR HOSPITAL and INFIRMARY, and a successful practicing physician in Harrisburg during the past twelve years.

Surgeon in Charge: H. L. STICKEL, M. D., No. 25 North Third Street.

Assistant Physicians: Dr. Geo. E. SHOEMAKER, Dr. E. M. SHEELS.

16 17 1y*

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

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PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

6 46s12-1y

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—The forests resemble a big bouquet of bright flowers.

—Mr. B. O. Deininger, of Millheim, has two hogs which together weigh 880 pounds.

—Philipsburg was lively with a grand Blaine and Logan meeting on Friday evening.

—Peter S. Bierly, a citizen of Brush Valley, died on the 13th of October, in his 66th year.

—A roller rink building is to be erected in Millheim. Its proportions will be 100 by 40 feet.

—The railroad company has given Linden Hall the name of Hesston and Oak Hall that of Gilliland.

—A bear weighing 369 pounds was shot near New Millport, Clearfield county, on Friday, by David McCracken.

—Operations have been temporarily suspended on the erection of the new church building for the Millheim Evangelical congregation.

—Many residents of Philipsburg are mourning the death of Daniel Ayers, who was one of the most esteemed citizens of that borough.

—The public school at Linden Hall has been supplied with new desks and other school furniture and Miss Nannie Campbell installed as teacher.

—Services will be held in the United Brethren church of Millheim to-morrow, at which time Rev. M. P. Doyle, of Lebanon, will officiate. All are invited.

—Two thousand bushels of corn from a 17-acre field is enough to satisfy the most sanguine. That's what J. B. Heckman of near Penn Hall has cultivated this season.

—Miss Kate N. Bingham, daughter of Thomas J. Bingham, Esq., of Harrisburg, was married on Thursday to Mr. W. J. Latta, general agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

—Rev. G. D. Penepacker, of Altoona, preached an eloquent sermon, Sunday, on the subject, "Take away the Stone." It was highly complimented by the *Tribune* of that city.

—The first annual meeting of the "Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Huntingdon" will be held Oct. 29 and 30, in the Logan Valley church, Bellwood, Pa.

—The highway cow becomes more of a nuisance daily in Bellefonte. In some parts of the town people are afraid to leave their doors open lest some animal of this description will come walking in the house.

—Races and contests of skill of all descriptions take place on the Philipsburg Driving park, Monday, the 20th, being one of the most notable days of the season for the number, variety and amusing nature of these contests.

—There is one Democratic negro in in Williamsport. That individual should be presented with a copy of the Bellefonte *Watchman* containing a criticism on the temporary chairman of the Republican National Convention.

—"Web," our best and most esteemed correspondent, will please pardon us for abbreviating his excellent letter on this occasion. The pressure of political matter is our excuse. We will not do it again after this "agony" is over.

—The Democrats held what they call a "big" meeting at Millheim on Saturday evening. Mr. Aaron Williams, J. L. Spangler, Esq., and ex. Judge Orvis were the speakers. These gentlemen failed to have anything complimentary to say of Leonard Rhone for assembly and they bring back the report that Leonard will be cut fearfully in that section.

—Mrs. J. D. Hall, wife of Baggage Master Hall, of Tyrone, died very suddenly on Wednesday morning. She was subject to attacks of epilepsy and was alone when the attack came which resulted fatally. Her husband came home from work and entered her room to find her dead. His grief at the sad event is very great. Mrs. Hall is from Howard, this county, to which place her body was taken on Thursday.

—The Republican conferees who met in Lock Haven nominated Hon. John Patton, of Curwensville, for Congress. Gen. Patton is by all odds the strongest candidate who could have been nominated. He is a man of the highest principle and the largest influence. There is no man in the six counties who has given so much as Mr. Patton to the cause of religion and education. He is liberal and public spirited in the extreme. He is a man of the highest Christian character. Heretofore he has refused to accept the nomination of his party but this time he will doubtless accept.

A MODEL POLITICAL MEETING.

The Court House Filled with Voters Who Listen Attentively to a Discussion of Important Political Questions.

What was certainly the most remarkable meeting in the history of any political party in this borough occurred in the Court House on Thursday night. It was not remarkable for large attendance, nor for great enthusiasm, for no special attractions were advertised to draw the people, nor was there any occasion for boisterous behavior. But during the two and a half hours that the meeting lasted the Court House was constantly well filled and the closest attention was given to the three speeches that were delivered, and applause was heard only when a good point was made.

The Pleasant Gap Band and the Citizens' Cornet Band of Milesburg were present and discoursed delightful and inspiring music previous to opening the meeting. On motion of Col. D. S. Keller, Capt. J. A. Quigley, of Liberty township, was made President, and W. H. Wigton, of Philipsburg, and J. C. P. Jones, of Milesburg, selected for Vice Presidents, W. I. Fleming, Esq., and N. S. Bailey were elected secretaries. The first speaker introduced was W. C. Kress, Esq., of Lock Haven. He began his remarks with the statement that in consequence of the announcement of the expected presence of Senator Macfarlane, of Philadelphia, he did not expect to be called on for more than a few remarks; that he had not made a political speech for six years. Therefore, without attempting to aim at any brilliancy of language or beauty of sentiment he would suggest a few thoughts for voters. He reviewed the early history of the Democratic party, showing that the leaders of the present day have departed from the teachings of Jackson and Jefferson; and also showing how present circumstances differ from the times when those two great men lived. Then speaking of the birth of the Republican party in 1854, he alluded incidentally to its expressed opposition to imported labor under contract, comparing that to the labor from which the Republican party fought to set the people free, viz: slave labor of the South. His allegiance to the Republican party, he said, dates from the day when he was a pupil in Williamsport Dickinson Seminary. In all the great measures that have come before the party since that time the Democratic party has taken the position which would, if carried out, tend to disrupt and destroy the country. The platform adopted by the Democrats in 1880 was equivocal, and when the Democratic candidate was asked to give his opinion of the tariff he said it was "a local issue." The platform of the same party this year cannot be explained and was not meant for explanation, and is interpreted by Democrats to suit the section of country in which they reside. But all the measures which were distinctively Republican during the past twenty-four years are now, because of their benificent results, approved by Democrats and none wish to change them, and the speaker challenged any one present to assert the contrary. Look at the States in which Democrats have the reins of government. Human life is scarcely safe. Insubordination, murder and riot run rife. Democrats cannot govern because they do not understand the wants and needs of the people. Why then shall we change rulers? The speaker said he did not intend to discuss the tariff. He would naturally believe that in this locality nearly all Democrats and all the Republicans believe in protection. In the face of the fact that we do not know what rash measures a Democratic Congress may adopt, it is certainly important to have a President whose opinions are known to be sound, than a man who is afraid to express himself on the subject to either his State, city or *family*. The speaker concluded by urging the claims of A. O. Furst., Esq., for President Judge. He and Mr. Furst had been neighbors when boys in Clinton county. He knew Mr. Furst as a courteous and kind neighbor, a laborious student, the possessor of a fine mind and with great knowledge of the law. He knew of no one with greater abilities than Mr. Furst, and could assure voters that in the event of Mr. Furst's election legal business will be disposed of rapidly and accurately. Mr. Kress' admirable address was followed by music from the Citizens' Cornet Band of Milesburg.

John G. Love, Esq., was introduced to the audience, and humorously commented on the very elevated, pleasant political campaign which was being conducted by both parties in this county, and that in such affairs *love* is always in order; as in this meeting he (Love) was sandwiched between Mr. Kress and Senator Macfarlane, who was expected to arrive on the 8.45 p. m. train. Then Mr. Love launched into one of his superb speeches which are so faultless in style and strong in argument. As he proceeded none could but be impressed with the conviction that he would, if elected to the legislature, take a brilliant place in that body and elevate the standing of this county. He showed how all power in this government is in the hands of the people and as they execute the responsible duty of suffrage so must they abide by the result. It is our duty to inquire into the history and principles of the only two great parties before the people. It is true we have the St. Johnites, Butlerites and Belva Lockwoodites, but the decision will not rest with them. The one great question before the people is protection to American labor. Of course, the Democrats are prone to vociferate about civil service reform, but the political death of Senator Pendleton shows that they are not sincere in their advocacy of that measure. He enforced his advocacy of protection by incidents in the life of Washington and Jackson. It was when cotton became King and slavery had obtained foothold that the Democrats became free traders, and because they believe in the absolute servitude of labor. The slavery of those days is a perfect exhibition of the workings of free trade. He reminded his audience that when protection has been an issue in this country it never was voted down and it will not be this time. The National platform of that party is a double-header, and is used by orators to enforce each doctrine. But, notwithstanding what the platform declarations may be, the party is free trade, as was shown in the vote for Speaker of the National House of Representatives, three-fifths of the Democrats voting for a free trade speaker, who manipulated the affairs of Congress in such a manner as to almost force a free trade measure on the country. The advantages of free trade cannot be illustrated more forcibly than to instance the fact that the wages in this country are from 50 to 100 per cent. higher than in Europe, and that the statistics of England show that one in every seven of the inhabitants die in the poor house. The principles of our government are based on the exaltation of its worthy citizens. The railsplitter or the tow path boy can claim its highest honors. Genius, stimulated by protection, has increased the wealth of the country to $44,000,000,000. But Democrats rise from defeat, still maintaining their courage. The speaker said that while passing along the street one day a friend met him and pointed to another man at a distance who he said was the bravest individual whom he knew. "Why?" said the speaker: "What deeds of valor has he performed?" "He wedded my divorced wife," returned his friend. "So," said Mr. Love; "the Democrats have wedded the Curtises, the Beechers and the Schurzs, whose free trade heresies have divorced them from the Republicans." The speaker agreed with the Republican party and its platform that the importation of foreign labor under contract should be made a crime and misdemeanor. He called attention to the hearty support the London papers are giving the Democratic candidate, Mr. Cleveland, hoping by his election to make inroads upon the markets of this country.

After music by the Pleasant Gap band, Chairman Keller stated that he had just returned from the 8:45 p. m. train, and that Senator Macfarlane, who was expected, had failed to arrive, but that owing to the advantages afforded every community it was not necessary to go abroad for entertaining speakers and he would call upon Mr. James Milliken for a speech. That gentleman spoke with his usual ease and eloquence, putting forth many new thoughts, an elaboration of which would occupy too much space. But he quite forcibly showed that a reduction of the tariff is felt most acutely by labor, which constitutes the principal investment in industries of any description. A 20 per cent. reduction, such as was contemplated by the Morrison tariff, would decrease the price of labor $5 on every $45 worth of bar iron. Free trade he considers a misnomer, as there is no such thing in practice. England collects $1,000,000,000 on imports. He reminded his audience of the prosperity which prevailed in this country two years ago, but about that time it first became certain that the then approaching Congress would be Democratic and all the consequent depression in business had followed in the train of that announcement. It was asserted that these periods of business stagnation occur in regular cycles of time, but Democratic ascendency has much to do with it. If a Democratic majority in Congress will effect this change what would be the result of the election of a President? The Democratic attitude on most important questions he compared to that of the New England "school marm" who went into a rural community to take charge of a school. The people of that community decidedly objected to the new-fangled theory that the world is round, and before the teacher began her instructions they wanted to know what she expected to teach in regard to it. She was equal to the emergency and said that she would teach whatever the people desired. This, in effect, was the position of the Democratic party. The speaker paid a grand tribute to Blaine and said that no candidate, be he as pure as ice or as chaste as snow, could escape Democratic calumny. He also spoke glowingly of the grand prospects before the people of this judicial district in the election of A. O. Furst, Esq., to the President Judgeship. If he is elected to that position justice will be administered in a manner so fair and impartial as not to be compared with any former administrations in this county. That Mr. Furst is splendidly equipped for the position which he will be elected to fill and will at once take a prominent position among the great jurists of the State. While the Citizens' Cornet Band of Milesburg was playing the meeting adjourned.

How Hon. John Patton was Nominated.

Desiring it to be distinctly understood that the NEWS is offering no special support to any one of the multitudinous congressional candidates now in the field, we know it will interest our readers to learn how Hon. John Patton, of Curwensville, was nominated, and we summarize from the L. H. *Express* as follows:

The individuals who composed the nominating body were: Centre, W. H. Wigton; Clearfield, W. C. Arnold, Theodore Van Dusen, A. M. Rowe, Clinton, S. D. Ball, M. B. Rich, W. H. Sanderson; Elk, W. C. Spafford, Dr. J. M. Card; Union, J. F. Duncan, John K. Kremer, Dr. T. C. Thornton. Mifflin county was not represented in the evening session of the conference, when the nomination was made. Mr. Patton was notified of his nomination and at once accepted. The *Express* further states that an attempt was made to deceive the county committee which met in this place on Friday afternoon by the announcement that the Lock Haven conference had adjourned *sine die*. Mr. Wigdon, however, discovered the real condition of affairs in time to go on the regular train to Lock Haven and then joined in the conference. What authority the *Express* has for the charge of attempted deception we are not informed, but doubt its correctness as no member of the Centre county Republican committee would be guilty of such an act.

A Few Questions for Judge Adam Hoy.

A Democratic subscriber sends us a few questions for Adam Hoy, Democratic candidate for President Judge, to answer:

1st. What position, if any, did you hold during the Drafts made in Centre county during the late rebellion—and what were your politics?

2nd. Were you paid by the Government for such services?

3rd. How many men were exempted from said Drafts, and how many exemption certificates were issued?

4th. How much money was taken from each exempted man at the time when these certificates were given?

5th. Has any such certificate money been refunded to any one? if so, how many received it, and what are their names?

6th. If any such money was received by you, had you a perfect right to take it, if you were paid for your services by the State or National Government?

A DEMOCRATIC VOTER.

Our Candidate for Sheriff.

H. G. Royer, our candidate for Sheriff, is a competent man and well qualified for the office in every particular, and should receive the hearty support of all Republicans and good citizens who want trusty and efficient men in office.

He was a good soldier, having served in Co. E, 7th Pa. Cavalry, until the close of the war. He is now a member of the W. W. Bierly Post of the G. A. R. and as an evidence of the confidence his comrades have in him, they have placed him in the responsible position of Quarter Master in said post. Let him be heartily supported by all and if elected he will make one of the best officers the county has had for years.

—Judge Hoy, who received the Democratic nomination for President Judge of this district on Friday last, was in town yesterday looking after his political interests. His political opponent, A. O. Furst, Esq., of Bellefonte, who is the Republican candidate, was in town on Saturday. Between these two gentlemen the voters of this district will be called upon to make a choice on the 4th of November next, and if we mistake not, judging from present indications, the popular verdict will be in support of Mr. Furst, whose brilliant attainments very far outshine those of his competitor, and whose character will add luster to the judicial ermine that is now waiting to enfold him. The blush of shame will never mar the tranquil features of the Goddess of Justice over any ruling Judge Furst shall make.—*Huntingdon Globe.*

A Card to the Republican Voters of the 20th Congressional District.

As the action of the Republican conferees of Centre county has recently been commented upon in various quarters and in some instances under misapprehension of the facts, it is proper that the plain facts of their proceedings should be laid before the public, and nothing is herein contained excepting the absolute truth. At the largest county convention ever held by the Republican party of Centre county, in August last, Robt. Lloyd, E. C. Humes and D. H. Hastings were unanimously elected congressional conferrees, without instructions and without any restrictions whatever, the object being to give the conferrees liberty to take advantage of events transpiring, looking to the best interests of the party. These conferrees met the conferrees of all the other counties in district conference at the Bush House in Bellefonte on the 14th inst. The first meeting was held at eleven o'clock in the morning, but the conferrees from Clinton and Union counties not being present, an adjournment was had until three o'clock p. m. of said day. At the latter meeting the conference again adjourned until seven o'clock in the evening at which time Clinton and Union counties were both represented.

At all these meetings there was a full interchange of opinion as to the best course to pursue under all the circumstances. There was no candidate brought forward from any county in the district. No conferree offered, in or out of the conference, to nominate any Republican as a candidate for Congress. The name of the distinguished citizen of Clearfield county, Hon. John Patton, was mentioned in connection with the nomination, but he was not nominated by any of the conferrees of Clearfield county. Indeed, it was said openly that he had been telegraphed to from Bellefonte that day on the subject and that he had replied by telegram that under no circumstances would he allow his name to be used as a candidate. This was confirmed by his son, Mr. A. E. Patton, who arrived in Bellefonte the same evening. The latter said his father would not accept a nomination if tendered him.

There being no Republican candidate presented to the conference, no one willing to accept the nomination, a resolution was offered and carried setting forth that it was deemed inexpedient to place any gentleman in nomination, after which the conference adjourned *sine die*.

Had any good Republican been named willing to accept the nomination at the hands of the conference, he undoubtedly would have received the unanimous vote of the conferrees from every county in the district.

Inasmuch as there was no candidate before the conference, no Republican placed in nomination, no man willing to bear the expense of the campaign in this hopelessly Democratic district, the conference, following the precedent of many similar bodies, adjourned without naming any candidate. The conference, be it understood, endorsed no candidate of any other political party, did not presume to dictate to any Republican as to how he should vote, but left the matter to the individual judgment of every voter as to the man best suited to carry out his views on the great and only national issue, Protection to Home Industry. What more or less could the conference have done, and have they not acted in good faith?

In view of the above facts which we, the undersigned Republicans, have knowledge of and believe to be true, we hereby indorse the action of the Centre county conference. We further say that in our judgment it is unwise to endanger the future of the party by non-compliance with party rules, which has been done by the unauthorized nomination of a man for congress by a self-constituted body of individuals.

Signed:

Rob't Valentine,	Daniel Rhoads,
Jas H Rankin,	James Harris,
W Thompson, Jr.,	Wm Shortlidge,
Adolph Loeb,	Dr G A Farlamb,
Dr Theo Christ,	Jno I Potter,
Geo L Potter,	J D Valentine,
E S Swartz,	J C P Jones,
Jno I Rankin,	Edmund Blanchard,
W W Montgomery,	L L Brown,
Jno P Harris,	Jno A Rankin,
J H Sands,	Jno T Fowler,
J B Hicks,	M Montgomery,
W K VanGelde,	Wm P Humes,
James Milliken,	S H Williams,
E M Blanchard,	Jno I Thompson,
C F Montgomery,	Wm J Thompson,
H K Hicks,	A J Swartz,
W S Lose,	Wm A Jacobs,
J L Kurtz,	W L Malin,
H H Montgomery,	W H Rhule,
Chas F Richards,	Henry Stover,
Cam Burnside'	Andrew Gregg,
Geo J Blackford,	James C Boal,
John Bilger,	J W Henry,
William Bilger,	Jas H Lohr,
Frank McCoy,	W H Henny,
Bernard Lauth,	J H Odenkirk.
	Moses Thompson,

AND MANY OTHERS.

The Judgeship.

We must again beg of everyone in this community not to overlook the importance of electing a pure and upright judge. This is not wholly political, but in its importance it is personal to everyone. The candidate of the Republican party is A. O. Furst, Esq., well known as a competent and worthy man. He was highly commended at our great meeting last week by Mr. Kress, of the Lock Haven bar, who has known Mr. Furst intimately all his life. He was also highly extolled by Mr. Milliken of our town. Mr. Milliken said in substance, as reported:

"I beg leave to add a word to Mr. Kress' good words as to Mr. Furst's qualifications for Judge. There are traits of character that a Judge should not possess. He should be free from all animosity, from malice, from envy and from what in homely phrase we call pig-headedness, and these disqualifications Mr. Furst is specially free from. He is, as you have been informed to-night, fully equipped in a knowledge of the law.

"The administration of justice in this court in times past—and I do not refer to Judge Hoy—has been a disgrace to the civilization in which we live, and in the purifying of this our lives, our property and our liberties are bound up. Men have sat upon that bench dispensing so-called justice when they were personally engaged in speculations of the most utter wildcat order, dealing in lands, bargaining with corporations, running here and there through out the State, utterly destructive of the dignity and respect their position should compel; and in their day litigants crossed the threshold of this temple, reared to justice, with fear and trembling—not that their claims were not just, nor that their controversy was not upright, but lest they had not secured the attorney who carried largest personal influence with the judge.

"You have there on the wall a figure of Justice holding the scales. It is the only instance in my somewhat extensive travel that I have ever seen Justice without a bandage upon her eyes, for justice should be blind. I fancy the judge to whom I refer caught his inspiration from that figure and rendered, as he did, his opinions with his eyes open."

A Democratic Scheme of Bribery Exposed.

The straits to which the managers of the Democratic party are reduced have been rendered so desperate as to compell them to descend to the lowest depths of bribery in order to get every voter in the party to support the entire Democratic ticket. Who would have supposed that the honorable chairman of the Democratic county committee and his equally honorable secretary would lend themselves to what seems to be a criminal offense to induce the dissatisfied Democratic voters of this county to vote for all the candidates of the party? Now every committee man who works for the Democratic ticket will be supposed to have been *bribed*, and the ordinary voter will be but the *creature* of this committeeman, who is to reap a profit by his vote by securing a prize in the portrait of the most corrupt and shameless Democratic candidate for President ever nominated. Isn't that an honorable position for your chairman to place you in, Democratic voter? Will you swallow the bitter dose? Will you be bribed? Or will you vote with the party that is willing to depend upon a voter's honor to lead him to do his duty? Read the following circular:

P. GRAY MEEK, Chairman. J. C. MEYER, Secretary.
Rooms of the
Democratic County Committee.

—Special offer to—
Democratic School District Committeemen.

As a slight recognition of the efficient work of the Democratic school district committeemen, the Democratic County Committee has instructed me to offer a magnificent steel plate, life size portrait of our next President and Vice President, CLEVELAND and HENDRICKS, to each one who secures the polling of every Democratic vote in his school district.

The portraits will be forwarded to you, postage paid, immediately after the election, upon receipt of the enclosed certificate, properly signed and certified to by the member of your county committee and the Democratic inspector of election.

Respectfully, &c.,
P. GRAY MEEK,
Chairman.

On the back of this circular is the following certificate:

Copy of certificate on separate slip.

This is to certify that any Democratic voter (except such as extreme sickness prevented) residing in school district, township, was present and voted the Democratic ticket at the general election on Nov. 4, 1884, and that , committee man for that district, is entitled to the portraits offered, as promised by the Democratic county committee.

———, Member of County Committee
———, Democratic Inspector.

—The Philipsburg *Journal* is sixteen years old and is better than ever before.